Provincial Treasurer

REDCLIFF REVIEW

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

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Start Campaign To Get Members For Wheat Pool

OBJECT IS TO GET 10,000 MORE MEMBERS IN ALBERTA—CANVASSERS WILL BE PAID $1.50 FOR EACH NEW MEMBER SECURED—WILL BE PAID $1.50 CURED.

Alberta grain growers are advised that the Alberta Wheat Pool has inaugurated a new campaign for membership and that this campaign is being conducted on a different basis than others in the past, either in Alberta or the two other prairie provinces.

The wheat pool idea had its genesis in this province. Here the original plan was worked out. The legal details in connection with incorporation, the memorandum of association, the agreements' agreement and the bylaws, were first considered in Alberta, and, when carefully perfected, were the basis for the organizations subsequently brought into existence in Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Much of the success of the pool method of marketing in Western Canada is attributable to the infinite care that was exercised in Alberta at the beginning when those in charge of organization had this work in hand. Alberta paved the way. The wheat pool here has made remarkable progress. It has won the confidence of the people of this province. Those who entered it at the beginning are satisfied, and thousands who have waited to see how things would turn out have since been so impressed that they have joined the pool for the balance of the term of the contract namely, until the crop of 1927 is marketed.

The success of the last two years has encouraged the directors of the wheat pool to authorize a new canvass for members at this time. The campaign is now begun and it will be carried on till the end of the year. In the past all canvassing had been done voluntarily with no payment for services rendered, but President H. W. Wood and the board of directors feel now that it would be unfair to ask the workers of other campaigns, or new workers, to undertake further work along this line without some payment to offset the time, toil and expense entailed in the task of securing contracts.

This membership campaign is therefore open to anyone who wishes to join in the canvass, but no commission will be paid to any member of the board of directors or to any employe of the association. Delegates and local secretaries are asked to participate in the canvass and to receive commissions.

The membership campaign which has now been started aims at raising the membership from 20,000 to 45,000 which, in the acreage of wheat, will bring the total acreage in the pool to 4,000,000 acres, and increase of 1,000,000 acres. The present administration can promptly and efficiently care for this increased volume of business. The pool stands higher than ever in the respect and confidence of the people of the province.

For fuller particulars regarding the campaign see the adv. in this issue of the Review.

Local Conservatives Met Last Monday

Fill Vacancies on Executive and Appoint Delegates to Convention

The local Conservative association held a meeting Cliff hall last Monday evening for the purpose of completing organization work and appointing delegates to the federal convention to be held in Medicine Hat on October 2nd.

Although the hall was not filled to capacity those present showed a keen interest in the work before the meeting and several spoke confidently of the ability of the leader and his platform of the party to win out in the approaching election.

It was expected that several speakers from outside points would have been present for the occasion but owing to the interest being taken in the provincial by-election in Medicine Hat all expected speakers were unable to be present as they were billed to address meetings in that constituency.

In opening the meeting the chairman, P. Lavelle, outlined the objects of the meeting and spoke of the necessity of assistance being rendered on by officers and members of the association.

A report of the convention held in Edmonton when A. A. McGillivray was chosen provincial leader, was given by the delegate G. Barnabus Medicine Hat.

At three members of the executive have left town since the association was organized, the meeting were appointed to fill the vacancies; Messrs. W. S. Jones, E. Lusher and W. West.

The following names were appointed to attend the convention called to select a Conservative candidate for the federal election: Messrs. W. S. Jones, W. Keats, A. J. Learmonth and E. J. Stone. Messrs. F. Baird and F. Odlin were appointed alternative delegates to act in case any of the others were unable to attend.

At the close of the meeting a number of new names were added to the list as members of the association.

SCHOOL NEWS

The first debate, "Resolved that the Liberal Administration at Ottawa has been a failure," resulted in a victory for the negative led by M. Martin. The second debate on the same subject ended in a tie. The leaders were M. Belisle and G. Thomson.

In each case the leader who won had a choice of any of the losing side to support her in the semi-finals. Those leaders who won last Friday will compete with each other in their semi-finals which will take place Friday, Sept. 25th.

The winners of the semi-finals in the debating league will clash in the final which is to be presented in the Cameo theatre in connection with a special vaudeville number, in about six weeks' time.

There were no pupils in the past week who succumbed to the rules of regulations, re class standing.

Novel Experience Of a Party Leader

Hears Something About Himself While Having Lunch

An amusing incident—the correctness of which is vouched for by those taking part in it—took place in a restaurant in Medicine Hat recently. Two young farmers from this district were having dinner in the restaurant when a stranger came in and sat down beside them. As Medicine Hat is now in the heat of by-election it was only natural that politics should be introduced into the conversation. The stranger appeared to be very anxious to find out how the two young farmers stood politically. They informed him they had been Liberals but that they had been Liberals but that they were not very much impressed with the party at the last two years and has encouraged the directors of the wheat pool to authorize a new canvass for members at this time. The campaign is now begun and it will be carried on till the end of the year. In the past all canvassing had been done voluntarily with no payment for services rendered, but President H. W. Wood and the board of directors feel now that it would be unfair to ask the workers of other campaigns, or new workers, to undertake further work along this line without some payment to offset the time, toil and expense entailed in the task of securing contracts.

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Churches

GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH

R. N. Matheson, B.A., Minister

Dear stranger: If you home church is not in town Gordon Memorial folks will be glad to welcome you to share in their activities and worship.

Organizations of Congregation meet—

Official Board, Second Tuesday of each quarter.

Communion Service, Second Sunday in each quarter, at 11:00 a.m.

Ladies' Aid, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock, except last Thursday of the month.

Women's Missionary Society, the last Thursday afternoon of each month at 3 o'clock.

C. G. I. T., Tuesday 8:00 p.m.

Willing Workers' Mission Band, the First and Third Mondays of each month at 4:15 p.m.

Sunday, September 27th.—

11:00 A.M., Rally Day Service.

Special program of music. Recitations and Pageant.

Theme: "Loyalty to Jesus."

7:30 P.M., Evening Service at the Subject: "The Game of Life."

ST. AMBROSE CHURCH

Rev. J. L. Cooper, B.A., Vicar

18th Sunday after Trinity, Sept 27. Holy Communion at 8 a.m.

(Devensong with Baptism at Terra Nova school, 3 p.m.)

Monday, Sept. 28—A.Y.P.A. Social in Parish hall, 8 p.m.

Tuesday, Sept. 29th—(St. Michael and All Angels Day) Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Choir practice choir, at 4:15 p.m.

Wednesday, Sept. 30th—J. W. A. Devotional and business meeting 4:15 Confirmation class, Vicarage, 8 p.m.

Thursday, Oct. 1st—(Ruridecanal Conference at St. Barnabas Medicine Hat. Social in Parish hall, 8 p.m.

Friday, Oct. 2nd—Evensong at 7:30 followed by Choir practice choir.

Gifts of flowers, fruit and vegetables for the Harvest Festival on Sunday, Oct. 4th, will be most gratefully received at the Church on Saturday morning previous.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN.

Sunday School, 10:00 a.m.

Usual services will be held.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Celebration of Mass 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month at 8.30 a.m by Rev. Father Fitzpatrick.

Elmer Devitt Died Suddenly at Vulcan

Funeral Held in Medicine Hat Last Monday

Redcliff citizens received a severe shock last Saturday morning on learning that Elmer nevitt, son of John Devitt, one of the pioneers of Redcliff had died suddenly in Vulcan the previous day.

Elmer had gone to Vulcan to visit his aunt and shortly after arriving there he complained of a pain in his chest. His aunt had just placed a mustard on his chest, when Elmer gave a slight exclamation and immediately passed away. He had only been ill a few hours. It is thought he had an attack of pneumonia which affected his heart.

Deceased was born in Douglas, Manitoba, 26 years ago. He came to Redcliff with his parents in 1913 and has resided here ever since. His mother died in Redcliff a few years ago. Besides his father, he leaves one brother, Cecil, and a sister, Florence, to mourn his loss.

Deceased was a quiet, eagetic young man, although suffering from bodily deformity from infancy he was always of a happy, cheerful disposition; characteristics which won him many friends among both old and young.

The funeral took place last Monday afternoon from Nott's undertaking parlors, Medicine Hat and the remains were interred in Hillside cemetery. Rev. R. N. Matheson conducted the services both at the chapel and at the grave.

"The Prairie Wife" Now In Photoplay

Will be Shown at the Cameo Theatre Tomorrow Evening

An epic of the American prairies, depicting the struggles and hardships of a girl born to a life of ease and culture, who goes to live on her husband's prairie farm.

That is "The Prairie Wife," Hugo Bettin's Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer production which will be shown at the Cameo theatre on Friday evening of this week.

"The Prairie Wife" was made for the screen from Arthur Stringer's popular novel of the same name and it was planned and directed by Hugo Bettin, noted artist, director and author, who made "Vanity Fair," "Other Men's Clothes" and many other productions.

The story of "The Prairie Wife" deals with the adventures of a girl and her husband in wresting a living from the land. Frivolous Chaddie finds the dingy shack that is her husband's home a decided change from her old luxurious surroundings. The city Swedish servant, Ollie, is a "queer bird" when compared to Emile Schmidt her well-trained servant at home but she enters into her new life with zest eager to make her marriage a success. Farming and housekeeping take the place of the matinees, teas and dances to which she had previously devoted her time, but Chaddie blooms with the unwonted work and the love of her "Dinkie-Dunk" husband.

EDMONTON IS NOW A BIG GRAIN CENTRE OF THE WEST

The total handlings at the new interal government elevator at Edmonton during its opening last fall, amount to 2,250,000 bushels. Of this quantity of grain handled more than 2,000,000 bushels was wheat.

Weekly News Bulletin

Issued by Publicity Commissioner, Government Buildings, Edmonton

New Milling Plant

Construction on the completion of Calgary's new milling plant being built by Spillers of England, has been started, the plant will be ready to handle the crop of 1926. The completion of the plant will cost $300,000 and more will be $2,000,000 in machinery.

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World Poultry Congress

Alberta was represented last week by Hon. Geo. Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture, and J. H. Hare, Poultry Commissioner, at the meeting held in Toronto to consider plans for the world poultry congress to be held in Ottawa next year. Hon. Mr. Hoadley was elected formation of provincial committees to co-operate with the central committee to make the conference a success, and the plan was given support.

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Big Oil Output Continues

Royalite No. 4 well, in the Turner valley, 45 miles southwest of Lethbridge is steadily maintaining its huge production of high grade naptha, as official figures on the August shipment from the well discloses.

The figures are based on the actual shipments of naptha from the Black Diamond plant of the company to Okotoks and show that the total shipped during August was 119,285 Imperial gallons. This total, however, includes approximately 12,000 gallons of naptha produced by the absorption plant from wells 1, 2 and 3, so that the net total shipped from the separators making naptha from No. 4 well was about 107,000 gallons. As 119,285 imperial gallons to the barrel this is approximately 14,379 barrels for August or 463 barrels per day.

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Take Irrigated Farms

About 100 farmers have taken land in the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation district. About 60,000 acres in this scheme are now under crop, an increase of 20,000 acres over the estimate for 1925.

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Former Alberta Man Honored

Charles A. Magrath, Chairman of the International Waterways Commission, and former member of parliament for Medicine Hat constituency, has been appointed chairman of the Ontario Hydro-electric commission to succeed the late Sir Adam eBck. Mr. Magrath is an old-time resident of Lethbridge, Alberta.

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Big Sheep Deal

A big sheep deal was arranged at Carlston last week between James Nielson, one of Southern Alberta's foremost shepherds for years, and W. E. Pitcher, prominent farmer and machinery dealer of Carlston. Mr. Pitcher purchased the entire flock of sheep and also the big lease on the Blood Indian reserve from Mr. Nielson. The deal involved $60,000

Wallaceburg Gives Fixed Assessment For Glas Factory

Ratepayers Vote Unanimously for the By-Law—Will Mean Greater Activities for the rompany at That Point.

(From the Toronto Globe)

The fixed assessment by-law for the Dominion Glass Company, which came up for the vote of the ratepayers of Wallaceburg, Ont., last Monday went over the top without a dissenting vote against it. More than 90 per cent of the voters who were eligible to vote on this important by-law registered their votes, and after the vote was counted it was found that 1,016 ratepayers had voted for the bylaw and not a single one against.

The by-law will result in the Dominion Glass Company being granted a fixed assessment of $90,000 for ten years. The company will move back to Wallaceburg its first factory, at present located in Montreal, and will also enter into an agreement to employ not fewer than 500 laborers.

Extensive alterations and additions are contemplated by the company at their Wallaceburg plant, and already some of these have been commenced, and many of their Montreal employees have already arrived in town.

The result of this vote will mean a great impetus to the development of the Dominion Glass Company's plant at Wallaceburg. The company now knows where it stands with regards to taxes for the next ten years at least.

The mill rate in Wallaceburg is 44 mills, so that the taxes on the company's Wallaceburg plant, which is much larger than their plant here, will be $4,000.00 a year, without the rebate.

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GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH

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Rev. H. D. Marr, provincial secretary of the Canadian Bible Society, paid an official, but most unexpected visit to town on Tuesday evening. Hurried arrangements were made for a meeting of the Gordon Memorial church which, under the circumstances, was well attended. The president of the local branch, Rev. R. N. Matheson, occupied the chair. Mr. Marr's address was packed with interesting and instructive facts regarding the great work being done by the British and Foreign Bible Society, which is now offering to the whole of the nations. Pres. Mr. Henderson and the secretary were re-elected. Those officers together with the local ministers constitute the executive committee. It was agreed that the committee should call arrangements for the annual collection.

FEDERAL CANDIDATES IN THIS VICINITY

J. Gouge will be the Liberal candidate for Bow River in the federal campaign and J. E. Garland will be the Progressive candidate.

A. A. Wade, of Hanna, was selected as Conservative candidate for Acadia.

Dr. Gershaw is the selection of the Liberals for Medicine Hat. Progressives and Conservatives conventions are called for this constituency on Oct. 1st and 2nd respectively.

John E. Kitchen Passes Away This A.M.

Has Been Ill for Some Time—Funeral Likely on Saturday

John Edward Kitchen, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Kitchen of this town, passed away at the home of his parents at ten o'clock this morning, after a lingering illness extending over about two years.

Deceased had been suffering for some time from internal troubles which were brought on through exposure while he was serving with the Canadian forces overseas. For some time past he has been with his parents here in the hope that everything possible was done to relieve his pain, and, if possible, bring about a cure. Only a few months ago he went to Rochester and Minneapolis to consult specialists but it was found nothing could be done to bring about a cure for his ailments.

Death came rather suddenly and it was impossible for his wife who has been in Vancouver, to get here before he passed away.

Deceased was born in England 25 years ago and came to Canada with his parents in 1908. In 1912 he came to Redcliff and with the exception of the time he served overseas and a short time in Vernon, B.C., he has resided here ever since. Three years ago he married Miss Jennie Atherton who is left to mourn the loss of a kind and thoughtful husband. He leaves no children.

Deceased enlisted with the 175th battalion in 1916 and was later transferred to the 50th.

Funeral arrangements will not be definitely completed until his wife is heard from but it is expected the funeral will take place from Gordon Memorial church on Saturday afternoon.

Co-operative Loans Are in Good Shape

Loan to Sugar Beet Growers Will Be Paid this Fall

That practically every cent of money loaned by the provincial government to the sugar beet growers of the southern Alberta irrigation districts would be taken up is certain. Credit Alies' Act this spring will be repaid when the returns from the present harvest are in, is the opinion of W. V. Newson, deputy provincial treasurer, who has completed an inspection trip of the sugar district.

Approximately $100,000 has been loaned sugar beet and other societies connected with the industry.

Mr. Newson, during his inspection of the sugar beet districts, in connection with the loans to the credit societies, found that a more than usually good crop is being expected. There will be a startling increase and an average of 16 tons to the acre of beet is anticipated. Mr. Newson says that this which will go much higher even as high as 25 tons to the acre.

The sugar factory pays $4 on acre of beets yielding 16 tons is from $40 to $50, but in some cases this profit will run as high as $70 an acre.

Tribute to the operation of the Co-operative Credits Act in this province is paid by H. Wattis, president of the Utah Idaho Sugar Co. and the Canadian Sugar Factories, Ltd. which is operating the factory at Raymond. Mr. Wattis is immensely taken with the successful operation of this act in Alberta, particularly with respect to the sugar beet industry, and takes occasion, in a letter to Mr. Newson, to give unstinted praise for the act itself, and its administration by the provincial treasury department. Including beet societies and others now in operation, there are 32 societies in all. The total amount loaned to all societies in 1924 was 944,581.41. The total amount of loans outstanding at the end of December, 1924, was $56,- 69.61. Of this amount it is expected that only $35,000 will be carried over at the end of the year.

SAPIRO LOSES CASE AGAINST NEWSPAPERS

The suit of Aaron Sapiro against the Star and Phoenix of Saskatoon and the Leader of Regina was withdrawn in court Mr. Justice Maddren was told on Tuesday. He upheld the argument of H. J. Symington, K.C., for the defendants. As the case is dismissed Sapiro has to pay costs.

FARMER OF MANITOBA IS NOW GROWING NUTS

Mr. J. Prout, an enterprising young farmer south of Portage la Prairie, has made a venture this year by attempting to grow peanuts and almonds. So far he has succeeded and expects to have a satisfactory crop. Although he sowed his initial crop late this year with good results, he has barked on a larger scale this season, and hopes it may prove a remunerative investment.

MENNONITES SIGN WITH THE SASK. WHEAT POOL

As an example of the magnitude of the work being done by the Canada Colonization Association, it is worthy of note that the largest contracts at the present wheat and coarse grain pool in Saskatchewan, were signed up by groups of Mennonites located on lands through the medium of the association, which properties are expected to deliver a quarter of a million bushels of wheat to the pool.

Conservatives to Hold Convention In Hat on Oct. 2

MEETING CALLED FOR 2 P.M. IN PARK HALL—WILL SELECT A CANDIDATE FOR RIDING IN DOMINION ELECTION.

Conservatives of Medicine Hat federal constituency have completed arrangements for holding their convention at the Park Hall, Medicine Hat, on Friday afternoon, Oct. 2nd, at two o'clock.

This convention is called primarily to select a candidate to be the standard bearer for the party in the dominion general election on Oct. 29th.

At this meeting the election of officers and the organization of the constituency will also take place. Delegates from every polling district in the riding are urgently requested to be present. Each polling district is entitled to two delegates.

Several names have been mentioned as likely to come before the convention. Among them are Dr. C. E. Smythe, G. M. Blackstock and S. Blanchard.

See Tom Mix in "The Lucky Horseshoe

Drives Four-Horse Team at Breakneck Speed Through Crowded Streets

Time was, a quarter of a century ago, when one of both the Coffee East and the great wide West prided themselves on being able to drive four horses to a coach.

In the East it was the stylish four-in-hand. In the West it was the old Idaho coach that served all means of transportation from point to point. New Yorkers Jack Lakey of twenty-five years ago still remember Col. William Jay, whose picturesque four-in-hand daily made Central Park, New York City, a picturesque spot. Gone now is the day when horsemanship was an accomplishment. The motor car has taken its place.

In the open West, Hank Mann, who drove the famous Deadwood coach and others of his kind, have long since passed into oblivion and remembered only in the history of the rapidly-disappearing West.

Tom Mix, however, is today, one of the best living four-horse drivers. Mr. Mix learned to pilot the trace and single rein when quite a youth and his fingers and hand, still retain their mastery. No finer example of four-in-hand driving is today to be seen than in the dream sequence of "The Lucky Horseshoe," at the Cameo theatre on Monday.

In the picture Mr. Mix is called upon to drive at break-neck speed, four horses and an accurate model of the sixteenth century period, through a mob of more than a thousand people. This is done that the hero of the picture and the herione may make good their escape from the mob which threatens them. From the driver's seat, Mix wheeled the ancient vehicle around the corners, scattering the crowd right and left. Director Blystone and others of the company held their breath as Mix sent the plunging horses through the throng. The picture itself will show what a hazardous feat it was. If driven by a less experienced person, a score or more would have been injured. As it was, not a person was scratched.

It provides one of the real thrills of "The Luck Horseshoe" and is one of the most gripping and breath-taking feats seen on the screen in a long while.

New Salt Industry Now in Operation

Alberta Plant Manufacturing Salt at Fort McMurray

What is destined to become one of Alberta's most important industries and what is practically the first industry of consequence to developed in territory tributary to the A. and G.W. line, is now in full swing. This is the salt plant of the Alberta Salt Co. at Fort McMurray, which is financed by Edmonton men.

The plant, which has been under construction for the past year or more, at the salt wells on the Athabasca river just above Fort McMurray, has been in operation for some weeks, and is producing about 40 tons of salt a day, it is stated. It is hoped later on to be able to increase the capacity of the plant to about 75 tons ped day.

The salt produced at the plant is finding a ready market, which is evidenced by the fact that the firm had orders for 20 carloads during the past week.

The yearly consumption of salt in Alberta is estimated at about 60,000 tons, and it is stated that it would be possible to fill all of this demand in the near future from the new plant at McMurray. This, combined with the ingoing traffic incidental thereto, would mean valuable traffic for the government railway, the A. and G.W. Even as it is at present, the operation of the plant is adding welcome traffic to the government road.

RED ROSE COFFEE "is good coffee"

"There Is No Argument Against Safety"

One of the busiest sections of the world today, if, indeed, not the busiest, are those prairie provinces of Canada. From early morning until late at night, men and women, too, not by tens of thousands alone but hundreds of thousands, will be engaged in harvesting the great grain crops of the West. Tens of thousands of helpers from Eastern Canada and the Pacific coast are here to help in the huge task. Thousands of horses and millions of dollars worth of machinery are being employed. It is a time of hard work, but it is also a time of satisfaction as the results of a year's toil are garnered.

The very magnitude of the task, and the large numbers of people engaged, call for the taking of precautions against accidents. "Safety First" should be the motto of all. As a writer in the American Red Cross Courier says, there is no argument against safety. No one ever heard of safety filling hospitals or graves, or destroying property, or resulting in loss of any kind. It is the failure to exercise due caution that causes these disasters.

Not a year passes but the annual Western harvest takes its toll of life, of others crippled and maimed for life, of property destroyed. The practice of "Safety First" will prevent most of these calamities.

Millions of acres of ripened grains and grasses present untold possibilities of loss if every care is not exercised to prevent fires from starting. Once started there is no telling to what awful dimensions they may spread, resulting in loss not only of crops but of homes and other possessions and possibly life itself. It may require a little extra time and labor to take proper precautions, but it is the cheapest possible form of insurance.

Binders, mowers, threshing machine outfits are powerful agents not only for harvest operations, but for cutting off arms and legs if care is not exercised to keep out of the way of such moving machinery. Wherever possible cogwheels, moving belts, knives and gears should be protected, not that they need protection, but because the workers need to be protected from them. It should be borne in mind by the employing farmer that many of his harvest help may have had no previous experience about, or in the handling of machinery.

The straight-thinking man respects safety; he knows its real value. Down through the ages this has been revealed over and over again. It is the fool who rushes in where angels fear to tread, who forges ahead regardless of consequences to himself or his fellowmen. Speed is all right in its place, but its place is not in attempting a level crossing in front of an approaching express train. Nor is it in rearing the time necessary to plough a fireguard.

The farmer who at great labor and expense ploughed his fields, sowed seeds, has seen his crop pass safely through all the vicissitudes of weather, insured it against hail, and provided the machinery and help to harvest it, will not now in the final rush of harvest operations, if he is wise, neglect any precaution that can be taken to protect it, or the men harvesting it, from disaster.

But it is not the farmer alone who should give heed to the fact that there is no argument against safety. Several thousand elevators are manned and ready to take in the grain. They will be worked at high pressure, and under such conditions there is always the danger of a lessening of vigilance. It is better to be safe than sorry.

And as the grain is marketed the busy time for the railways and their armies of employees is reached. Weeks have been spent in putting roadbed, motive power, rolling stock into first-class shape to meet the strain. The number of trains moving day and night will be largely increased. Railway managements fully recognize the importance of always applying Safety First principles. So do trainmen. But at no time is it more important that such principles be rigidly adhere to and enforced through the voluntary co-operation of each individual than when all are working at high pressure and carrying a peak load.

An old Chinese proverb says: "To save one man's life is better than to build a seven-storied pagoda."

Remarkable Fire Extinguisher

Tanks Loaded With Carbon-Dioxide Gas Literally Freeze Flames

Fire extinguishers that will literally freeze a fire to death, while covering the burning area with a dense gas which bars all air and oxygen on which the flames might feed, have been devised for fighting switchboard fires, and also for oil tankers and other ships where fires in the cargo hold present a serious problem. The extinguishers, which are merely tanks loaded with the carbon-dioxide gas (such as is used at soda fountains to carbonate the water) eliminate the water damage which forms one of the greatest losses in ordinary fire fighting.

Appreciate Programmes Near Home

Radio fans over the country are losing something of their original zest for long distance and are coming to appreciate more fully the excellent programmes of their own nearby broadcasting stations. It is in this direction that radio progress is to be made.

The leaning tower of Pisa is now illuminated with electric lights.

Trans-Atlantic Air Service

London to New York in 38 Hours is Plan

Plans for a trans-Atlantic aeroplane service, using double decker planes with accommodation for 150 passengers and capable of making the run from London to New York in 35 hours, have been announced by Joseph Navarro, veteran British aircraft designer. According to the designer, the planes will have a wing spread of 185 feet. They will be equipped with nine 450 horsepower engines each, and will provide spacious accommodation for passengers.

The fare for a single trip will be about 55 pounds sterling per passenger.

Home Grass Grows Greener

A marked decline in migration from Canada to the United States is reported. The green fields at a distance frequently assume a blue tint when reached—Vancouver Province.

There are eight times as many murders in the United States according to the population as there are in England.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Headache Neuralgia Colds Lumbago
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. (Acetyl Salicylic Acid. "A. S. A.".) While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Cannot Ask Fancy Prices

Court In Potsdam Fined Guide For Overcharging Tourist

Six dollars is too much for any guide to charge for taking tourists through Sans Souci Castle and other sights of Potsdam, in the opinion of the court of appeals. Guides in Potsdam are not a luxury, as held by the lower court whose decision was reversed, but a daily necessity, and therefore cannot command fancy prices.

The case arose out of a difference some months ago between a party of Englishmen and a Potsdam guide named Max Schulz. The guide had charged 25 marks for taking the party around, whereupon the Englishmen appealed to the courts. The lower court believed that anybody who can afford a guide is rich enough to pay whatever the guide may charge. The state's attorney held, however, that Germany, and especially Potsdam, have every reason to encourage the travelling public, and that overcharges like these were calculated to make people shun Potsdam, thereby ruining its tourist business.

The higher court agreed with the state's attorney, reversed the decision and assessed a fine of 20 marks.

Painful Sprains, Bruises, Restored By Nerviline

There is soothing power in Nerviline that has made it famous for nearly fifty years past. It sinks in deeply, it penetrates quickly, it takes away the pain from a sprain and brings grateful relief to bruised, aching muscles. If your joints are stiff and you are suffering from Rheumatism or Lumbago; if Neuralgia bothers you now and again, use trusty old Nerviline. It works wonders, whether the pain is internal or external. Get a large 35-cent bottle from your dealer today.

With His Hands Tied

That a young fellow can swim across Toronto Bay—two miles more or less—with both hands and feet tied together, is a stunt that may safely be left to that kind of fellow, or he tried with reliable rescue escort, but it shows that it can be done, and that no one need drown simply because he finds himself in deep water with his clothes on.—Owen Sound Sun-Times.

BLEMISHES OF THE SKIN

Are Proof the Blood is in a Weak and Watery Condition

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order are the pimples and unsightly eruptions that break out on the face or body. The same condition is indicated by an attack of eczema or scrofula. You cannot get rid of these troubles by the use of purgative medicines, as so many people try to do. Purgatives only drive them through the system and leave it still weaker. What is needed when the blood is shown to be out of order is a tonic which will restore its missing elements and leave the blood rich and red. For this purpose there is no other tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of which helps enrich the blood, drives out impurities, and brings a new feeling of health and energy. Mrs. R. E. Bishop, Hawthorne Ave., Hamilton, Ont., tells for the benefit of others what these pills did for her. She says:—"I was suffering terribly from scrofula. I doctored with several doctors, but without success. My complexion was sallow, I had no strength, feeling very weak and languid. My neck was full of lumps called scrofula, and at times they were very painful. After trying several so-called blood medicines Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me and I got half a dozen boxes. After taking them I found a decided improvement in my appearance, and to my joy the lumps were disappearing from my neck. I persevered in the treatment, and finally the only sign left of the trouble was a scar on my neck where one of the swellings broke. Since that time I have been in robust health and heartily recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to any suffering from impure blood."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Indian Race Not Dying Out

Forty-three Thousand Live on Their Own Farms

Lovers of the Indian—and the number of them increases as we study his educational and revolting history of our dealings with him—will be glad to know that he is not vanishing but gaining. The full-bloods are holding their own, and those of mixed blood are increasing at the rate of a thousand a year. Forty-three thousand live on their own farms, and western banks hold $35,000,000 of Indian money. Of eighty thousand Indian children of school age, sixty-five thousand are in school—a larger proportion than among white children. So the outlook for the boy who goes west to exterminate the redskins is most unpromising.—Youth's Companion.

While the automobile has succeeded in displacing the horse, the nightmare still carries on.

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

Commemorate Death Of Martyred Nurse

Edith Cavell Service Held at Jasper National Park

At the foot of the Great Ghost Glacier, which with outspread wings, clings to the side of Mount Edith Cavell, in Jasper National Park, the first memorial service commemorating the death of the heroic British nurse was held Aug. 5. The date was just ten years after the event which sent a thrill of horror through the whole of the civilized world.

Rev. James Edwards, chaplain of Jasper National Park, conducted the service, which was attended by more than 200 residents of the village and guests at Jasper Park Lodge, who had travelled the 20 miles of mountain road to mourn the spirit of the martyred nurse. A small altar covered by the Union Jack was placed on a flower stand of green weeds which lie at the foot of the glacier, and there, facing the mountain which perpetuates her name, the worship-pers knelt during the short service, which was ended by the singing of "Abide With Me," the hymn which Nurse Cavell sang with her chaplain just before she walked forth in her execution.

Miller's Worm Powders, being in demand everywhere, can be got at any chemist's or drug shop, at very small cost. They are a reliable remedy for worm troubles and can be fully relied upon to expel worms from the system and abate the sufferings that worms cause. There are many mothers that rejoice that they found available so effective a remedy for the relief of their children.

Travelled Twenty-eight Miles

Mouse Had Long Run Through Peculiar Accident

A very strange accident befell a mouse in a New England household. A boy hung his bicycle from the ceiling of the cellar, not far from a swinging shelf on which food was kept. The mouse jumped from the wall to the tire of the front wheel, evidently hoping thereby to reach the shelf.

The wheel started, and the mouse naturally ran toward the highest part of it. It was able to stay on the top of the tire, but could not get enough of a foothold to jump to the wall. When found the next morning, it was very much exhausted, though still running. The cyclometer showed that it had travelled more than twenty-eight miles.

Sweet as I palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

Knew His Wife

Jones was a chemist, and when his wife ran away with another man he inserted the following advertisement in the local paper:

"This is to notify the party who so kindly relieved me of my wife that I can supply him with liniments, bandages, arnica, healing salves, absorbent cotton, iodine, sleeping powders and crutches at rock bottom prices."

Grow Tomatoes

Experiments conducted by the French Government have shown that pure sulphur has an extremely large value as fertilizer for such plants as potatoes, tomatoes and parsnips.

TEETHING BABIES
Thousands of Them
DIE EVERY SUMMER

The hot weather is very hard on babies starting to cut their teeth.

On the first sign of any looseness of the bowels the mother should give a few doses of

This will quickly offset the diarrhoea, vomiting and purging, and, perhaps save the baby's life.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Reach Objective Of Science

Process to Harden and Temper Lead Is Discovered

An objective of science since centuries before Christ, the hardening and tempering of lead, has now been accomplished, according to an announcement from the Hawthorne plant of the Western Electric Company, Chicago.

R. S. Dean and W. E. Hudson are the metallurgical engineers who have done what generations of scientists before them could not.

The new tempered lead, which is made with the use of a small percentage of alloy and the treatment of the metal by a special heating process, makes a metal which is three times as hard as lead alloyed with the heat treatment, it is said.

The new alloys were found when samples of lead treated with heat were left to stand for several days before further working. Experiments are now being conducted to reduce the degree of brittleness which prevailed in initial experiments, and to make the tempered product tougher.

It will improve, among other things, coating for telephone cable, and increase the life of the cable.

Technical details of the discovery were presented to the American Chemical Society at Los Angeles.

Poland Evicting Germans

Great Misery and Distress Prevails In Refugee Camp

Heartrending scenes are being witnessed in the great camp established to receive the thousands of Germans Poland has ordered to cross her borders back into their homeland, because in the Upper Silesian plebiscite of 1920 they favored retention of the territory by Germany.

Great misery prevails among its repatriated Germans, men, women and children, most of whom are in dire distress and impoverished by reason of the fact that all their possessions have vanished.

Added to their misery is the fact that the refugees' camp is already overcrowded. A second camp must be erected somewhere else if Poland should make good her threat of forcible eviction.

It will be almost impossible to provide homes for the repatriated as there already is a dearth of dwelling buildings throughout the country.

King George Opens New Power Station

Largest In World Will Cost Close To $45,000,000

The piercing hoot of a giant Klaxon horn and the whirr of powerful machinery followed the pressing of a button by the King when he went to open the first section of the new Barking electric power station.

Thus, in the King's Own words, was "a remarkable development in the supply of electricity to London and the surrounding counties," brought to fruition. The section which he opened contains plant of 125,000 horsepower, and when the station is complete it will house a plant of 750,000 horsepower, making it the largest and best equipped generating station in the world.

Sir Harry Bonwick, chairman of the company, in his address to the King, said the ultimate cost of the new station would be between $40,000,000 and $45,000,000.

Reduced by Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

Universities In Canada

The assets of Canadian universities in 1924 amounted to $40,864,627, the income to $10,541,374 and the expenditure to $11,716,921. These figures are given in a preliminary report on higher education in Canada issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics. The registration at the 25 universities in Canada for the academic year ending June 30, 1924, was 29,372, about the same as in 1923. Of this number about one-third were females.

There may be other corn removers but you will not be completely satisfied until you have used Holloway's Corn Remover.

Newed.—"My dear, I think you should have used a little soda in this cake."

His Bride.—"I will next time. What flavor do you like, raspberry or pineapple?"

The U. S. Government has sent dentists to Alaska to care for the teeth of Eskimos and Indians.

Minard's Liniment for Corns and Warts

YOUR china will be more brilliant — more thoroughly cleansed — if *Sally Ann* is used. It never scratches; leaves hands soft and white.

WESTERN CLEANSERS LIMITED
CALGARY, CANADA

Sally Ann CLEANSER

Does Not Want Title

Postman In London, Ont., Prefers Work to Riches

Postman or titled English gentleman? Charles Parkin, a letter carrier, is the one and can be the other for little more than the asking.

Through the death of his uncle, the late Sir John Purse, owner of a large estate in Devonshire, Parkin becomes heir to the mundane possessions of that member of the British landed aristocracy.

But this London postie prefers his humble position to the land and affluence the Devonshire estate would bring, and at the present he is not contemplating the taking of legal action to prove his right to riches.

Keep Your Shoes Neat
2 IN 1 WHITE Shoe Dressing
CAKE OR LIQUID

Makes happy, healthy babies.
FREE BABY BOOKS
Write to The Borden Co. Limited, Montreal, for two Baby Welfare Books.

WOOL
Made into yarn 35c lb., or Batts 25c lb.
Write for circular quoting our prices for underwear, Sweaters, blankets, mackinaw coats and pants, etc.
SUDBURY WOOLLEN MILLS, LIMITED
Sudbury, Ont.

CARON LIGHT, WATER & POWER PLANTS
Caron Brothers INC.
102 3rd Ave., S.
SASKATOON, Saskatchewan

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Weak Kidneys. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.
Sold by Druggists, or Postpaid from Parker & Parker, Inc., Agents for the U.S.A., Lowell, Mass. Sole Agents for Canada, Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Making Paper From Straw May Ultimately Become An Important Industry in the West

The future of the paper industry, and, indeed, the future of the whole trade of printing, has often caused anxiety for those closely connected with either, owing to the diminishing supply of paper material from wood. The United States has become the greatest consumer of paper in the world, and as its own soft-wood supplies have neared exhaustion, the Canadian forests have been more and more drawn upon. This has created an immense export trade in pulp and paper, which is at present of vital importance in maintaining Canada's favourable balance of trade. The report of the commission which recently investigated the pulpwood situation in Canada showed that the visible supply of wood was in danger of exhaustion within some thirty to fifty years, according to conditions in different provinces. After that, what? That was the question.

Recently The London Morning Post published an issue on paper made from straw, and the information given in that connection is of the greatest importance. The paper was made by De Vaing's straw-pulp process, which seems to have lifted the question at once from theory to practice. The trouble in the past with straw paper has been its brittleness, but ten years of experiment have overcome this difficulty, using as chemicals only common salt and lime. This has been carried out in French factories, and, according to The Post, it is to be continued on a large scale in Canada.

If straw becomes the raw material for paper, Canada's position will be entirely satisfactory, as it will mean the use of an enormous by-product of farming which is now wasted. It is estimated that seven million tons of straw are burned annually in Canada alone. In Eastern Canada there is use for straw in connection with the livestock industry, but in the west the burning of the straw after harvest and threshing every autumn, making a trail of fire night by night from the Ontario boundary to the Rockies, is a sad feature of unbalanced industry. The advent of straw-paper making will bring additional revenue, more employment, preserve a great industry for the world, and retain an export trade for Canada of first importance.

The Post does not supply comparative figures of cost, nor suggest that straw may be a competitor of wood while the latter remains plentiful. The paper industry has been one of the most progressive in the whole realm of manufacturing in the past few years, and it may be assumed that the new sources of raw material will be used with the keenest intelligence.—Toronto Globe.

Reported Damage By Wheat Root Rot

Matter Being Investigated By Dominion Plant Pathologist

Reports of damage to wheat by root rot, a fungus disease which first became evident in Saskatchewan two years ago, are being investigated by the Dominion plant pathologist, W. P. Fraser, Saskatoon. While sufficient data are lacking as yet to form conclusions, it is believed to be confined to the park country in Northeastern Saskatchewan. One large farm at Humboldt is reported to have sustained 75 per cent. damage to a crop which had promised 35 to 40 bushels to the acre. The disease causes the straw to yellow and ripen before the heads fill. It is believed that it is at its worst two or three years after ground is first broken, gradually dying out with continued cultivation. Two field men are covering a large area, at present, in the investigation.

Jerusalem Wants Tourist Hotels

Jerusalem is now clamoring for tourist hotels. A stream of tourists come to Jerusalem in the summer from Cairo, Tunis, Malta and other places at the eastern end of the Mediterranean, as Jerusalem stands high above the sea level and is comparatively cool. The local government has repaired all the high-roads from Jerusalem to Jaffa, Haifa, Nazareth and Tiberias, and they are in good condition for motoring.

In the salt mines of Galicia, tunnels and great chambers have been dug aggregating a total length of thirty miles. Many of the miners live on the lower levels, where they have huts and rarely come to the surface.

Cucumber 3,000 Years Old

The cucumber is one of the eldest of the garden vegetables. Some 3,000 years ago in the Far East, probably in India, it had its origin.

Well Posted On Weed Problems

U. S. Federal Officer Comments On Saskatchewan Farmers' Knowledge

Saskatchewan farmers have a better knowledge of weeds than their brethren in Minnesota and the Dakotas, in the opinion of W. M. Talbot, Washington, of the U. S. department of agriculture, who has just concluded an investigation of weed problems in Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Mr. Talbot said the farmers in Minnesota and the Dakotas were becoming worried about the menace to their prosperity brought about by the prevalence of weeds, particularly the perennial sow thistle, and had asked the government for assistance. He had come to Saskatchewan to find out what the government was doing here in this matter, and to learn how they were combatting the perennial sow thistle.

In his opinion the Saskatchewan Weed Act was a good law, particularly because it left plenty of room for the various parties interested in the destruction of weeds to co-operate and make a real clean-up.

Apples Lead Fruits Produced In Canada

Large Portion Of B.C. Crop Absorbed By Prairie Provinces

Apples are the outstanding commercial fruit of Canada, according to a recent report of the Dominion department of agriculture.

While a large portion of the British Columbia crop is absorbed by the three prairie provinces which took 2,225,000 boxes last year, shipments of apples from British Columbia to Europe are steadily increasing. In 1924, 563 carloads of British Columbia apples were exported, of which 267 went to Great Britain. Apple exports out of Vancouver last year totalled 105,587 boxes compared with 84,328 the previous year. Of these 61,021 went to Great Britain.

British Columbia is now third to Nova Scotia and Ontario in apple growing.

Canada's Mineral Industry

Billion and Half Is Invested in Various Lines

A preliminary report prepared in the mining, metallurgical and chemical branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics, shows that Canada's mineral industries and the manufacturing industries dependent thereon, numbering 10,715 plants in all in 1924, represented an actual money investment of 1,550 million dollars, as compared with a reported investment of 1,521 million dollars in the preceding year. Included, in this sum were the cost of lands, buildings and plant equipment, the cost of materials and products on hand and the actual working capital of the companies reporting. These industries employed on the average 196,883 persons to whom salaries and wages amounting to $248,297,514 were paid.

Testing New T. B. Vaccine

British Cattle Breeders Are Convinced Treatment Is Sound

Attention is drawn by an English paper to the claims which are made for the research work on tuberculosis which is being carried out by a Mr. Spahlinger at Geneva. A number of British breeders have been over to Switzerland to see for themselves the results, and many are said to have returned convinced of the soundness of Mr. Spahlinger's vaccine treatment. Recently according to this report a party of medical men who are members of the House of Commons, visited Geneva and they, too, seem to have returned convinced. It is now proposed that the Spahlinger treatment for human tuberculosis should be tested in Great Britain.

World's Fastest Locomotive

New York Central engine 999, the most famous locomotive in America, has been withdrawn from service after running thirty years.

Its fame came through the fact that one day, about ten years ago, when pulling the Empire State Express, this engine made the record speed of 112 miles an hour. This speed has not since been attained, anywhere in the world by a locomotive.

If a man is bent on committing suicide he can afford to be familiar with a mule.

Thick stone barriers have been erected on the slopes of the Alps to protect travellers from avalanches.

Growth In Manitoba

Some Facts Concerning Agricultural and Dairy Products of Province

In a recent address to the St. Boniface Kiwanis Club, J. H. Evans, deputy minister of agriculture for Manitoba, gave some facts concerning the agricultural and dairy products of the province during the past 50 years:

"In 1876 Manitoba made her first export of wheat, a matter of 857 bushels," said Mr. Evans. "Today the province has 8,000,000 acres under cultivation, and in one year has produced 96,000,000 bushels of wheat."

"Fifty years ago people were trying to work out a programme of farm practice in the province which would enable them to make a living. Today, Manitoba has a population of 612,000 with 2,200 schools in which are 3,857 classrooms. There are today 37,000 miles of good roads in Manitoba, 3,508 of which are under the Good Roads Act."

Tracing the rise of the dairy industry in the province, Mr. Evans pointed out that in 1912, Manitoba imported 55 carloads of butter valued at $343,960 for home consumption. In 1913, 35 carloads were imported, and in 1914, 20 carloads. In 1915 the province not only supplied its own needs, but exported 50 carloads of butter valued at $324,500. At present Manitoba is exporting butter in large quantities.

Experiment Is Successful

Antelope In Alberta Reserve Are Increasing In Number

Antelope which were threatened with extermination in Canada have been successfully preserved in Neniskam National Park, Alberta. When the preserve was established in 1915 there were only 45 in the herd, the last survivors of the thousands that once had roamed the prairies. There are now 235 animals in the herd, a gain of 190. How well they breed in captivity is shown by the fact that there was an increase of 55 in 1924 alone.

Antelope once were prized trophies, and suffered such ravages in numbers that extinction of the species was in sight. A herd finally was discovered in Southern Alberta, and the tract of 5,000 acres on which the animals were feeding was surrounded by a fence of woven wire, and all the work was done without disturbing the animals.

A Japanese Invention

Fluid Injected Into Sheep Promotes Rapid Growth of Wool

An invention which makes sheep's wool grow faster was described by Professor Barker, of Leeds University, at the international conference of sheep breeders at Chester, Eng.

He said a Japanese doctor had placed the invention on the market, which when injected in the veins of a sheep, say, every two days, promotes a rapid growth of wool.

"So rapid is the growth said to be," Professor Barker continued, "that two months' injection produces twelve months' growth at the ordinary rate. Thus two or three shearings each year are possible."

By-Products From Coal

Coal is very common, but from it are made 210 by-products: Asphalt, for headaches and colds; phenol, for laxatives; creosol, for cold medicines; dye stuffs, a veritable rainbow of colors; inks, paints, roofing, fuel, explosives, chemicals, are among the by-products.

X-ray treatments reduce the severity of whooping cough, says Dr. Lawrence N. Boston, after using them in 750 cases.

A man should not place too much confidence in his companion when he is beside himself.

Forest Is Protected

No Depletion of German Woodland in 700 Years

In the Black Forest of Germany there is to be found one of the oldest private logging corporations in the world.

This company operates about 10,000 acres of woodland, and annually pays a reasonable dividend for the stockholders, and yet there is just as much timber growing on that land today as there was 700 years ago. The trees, growing amid underbrush and wild flowers such as we find at home, are not all of the same age, yet the forest is maintained by promoting natural regeneration. A permanent system of good roads traversing its length and breadth permits the cutting of a few trees here and there, selected and marked in advance by the chief forester, who spends one day in every three solely in the study of how to get the maximum of merchantable product and at the same time the maximum of new growth. In this way, the same patch of ground is revisited for cutting once every ten years.

The felling of the trees has to be very skilfully done, so that the falling giants will do as little damage as possible to the young trees beneath, but a skilful logger can throw a trunk almost exactly where he wants it, and the logs are all cut so as to make them easy to move. Even in the hauling of the logs from forest to road expert crews can accomplish the object without leaving a trail of devastation behind.

May Solve Rubber Question

Possible to Make Synthetic Product From Corn and Wheat Says Chemist

Dr. James F. Norris, president of the American Chemical Society, sees in the corn and wheat fields of Canada and the United States a possible solution of the disturbing situation recently created by sky-rocketing rubber prices.

"If continued high prices force tire manufacturers to appeal to the chemist," Dr. Norris said, "it is entirely possible that a method of manufacturing synthetic rubber from corn and wheat derivatives may be developed and the rubber plantation supplanted in some measure at least by the North American farm.

"Several years ago," he explained, "the question and synthesis of rubber became prevalent and leading chemists of the world began a study of its manufacture. Meanwhile, a great increase in rubber plantation production and the price to fall and chemical research was abandoned.

"Now, however, the chemist is again entering the field and it is hoped that our research men will develop a valuable commercial rubber from acetone, which is a by-product of butyl alcohol and butyl alcohol is produced from grain."

Aids Individual Financing

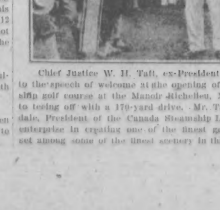
Wheat Pool Great Help to Farmers Says Commissioner

Many Saskatchewan farmers have been able to finance their operations on the land this year for the first time without having to borrow money, according to J. Ed. Oliver, commissioner of the wheat adjustment bureau.

The fact that the wheat pool payments have been spread over the year, stated Mr. Oliver, has enabled many farmers to finance themselves out of current revenue and has resulted in saving them interest on the money they usually borrow during the year.

Mr. Oliver added that he could not say whether the saving of interest on short term loans was offset by the additional interest accruing on major loans owing to the smaller payments made on these during the fall by many farmers.

Ex-President Opens Course



Chief Justice W. H. Taft, ex-President of the United States, replying to the speech of welcome at the opening of the new 6,000-yard championship golf course at the Manoir Richelieu, Murray Bay, Quebec, just prior to teeing off with a 176-yard drive. Mr. Taft complimented W. H. Coverdale, President of the Canada Steamship Lines, Limited, on his Company's enterprize in creating one of the finest golf courses in Eastern Canada, set among some of the finest scenery in that part of the Dominion.

Empire Settlement Scheme Appears Promising, Although Only In Experimental Stage

Canada's Best Known Town

Petrolia's Citizens Travel to All Parts Of World

Which is the most widely-known community in Canada?

Known, I mean, at least by name, to the greatest number of individuals, to the most varieties of humanity, and to the most widely-scattered lands of the earth?

If you were to ask me that question—if you were to bid me show you the favored community—I would take you—

Not to Ottawa, the capital; not to Quebec, with its historic associations; not to Halifax and St. John, our eastern gateways, nor to Prince Rupert and Vancouver, our gateways on the west; not to Montreal, beloved of the Thirsty Yankee, not to Toronto, Mecca of the Canadian intellectual—

But to a community of less than 5,000 people, in an isolated corner of Southwestern Ontario, linked to the rest of Canada, and to the world in general, by two "dead ends" of railroad.

Over these dead ends of railroad, homeward or outward bound, have passed men whose aggregate mileage of world travel is undoubtedly greater than the aggregate mileage of any other 5,000 residents of any city of Canada.

The town is Petrolia, the Canadian oil metropolis, and the headquarters of the Canadian oil-drilling experts who, during the past forty years, have pioneered for oil in all corners of the world.

To Petrolia, travel is mere commonplace; as much a part of the everyday texture of life as eating and sleeping. The return of a Petrolia driller from Persia after a journey of 12,000 miles by land and sea, the departure of a Petrolia driller for Burma or Australia or the Argentine, causes no excitement. World travellers come and go every day—in Petrolia.

Petrolia is not the only town in the world dependent on foreign travel for its commercial prosperity. But where other places thrive by reason of the grain or ore they attract, Petrolia's prosperity rests on the citizens it sends into exile.

Yet this Petrolia, which has sent so many drillers to the far ends of the earth, itself scarcely bears the sound of the drill from year's end to year's end.—Victor Lauriston in MacLean's.

Large Profits In Nut Growing

British Columbia Is Gradually Building Up Good Industry

Canada is coming more clearly to realize that her substantial import of nuts each year, amounting in value to about $5,000,000, is largely unnecessary, and that a large portion at least of the Canadian nut demand could be met by growing in suitable areas the best varieties of native and exotic species of nuts.

Of recent years a small but growing band of enthusiasts in British Columbia have been devoting marked attention to the subject and extending the cult very widely, so that a substantial future industry is looked to there.

Always a Favorite Plaything

There are factories in the United States that turn out seven thousand dolls a day. Dolls have been played with by small girls from the earliest times and among all nations. In the British Museum may be seen dolls that are more than three thousand years old. They were found in the tombs of the ancient Egyptians. The Egyptian dolls have flat bodies of carved and painted wood, and hair of clay beads strung on thread. The dolls of ancient Greece and Rome were an improvement on these.

Has Keen Sense of Smell

The rhinoceros is said to be the animal with the keenest sense of smell. One big game hunter has stated that in favorable weather this animal can "wind" a man two miles away. However, on a dry day it is harder to scent than on a wet day.

Mrs. Bing—"Oh, I wish these recipes would be more definite."

Mr. Bing—"What's the difficulty, my dear?"

Mrs. Bing—"This one tells how to use up old potatoes, but it does not say how old the potatoes must be."

The ambassador of the United States to France receives a salary of $17,500 a year, every cent of which he pays to his landlord in Paris as rent for the house that the embassy occupies.

In Japan food always is placed before a visitor when he arrives, no matter what the time of day.

So far as the Vancouver Province can judge, the empire settlement scheme is going to prove a success. The plan is to place three thousand selected British families on farms in Canada in three years. The Canadian Government is providing the farms, which are for sale on easy terms, and will help the newcomers get established. The British Government is advancing money, not exceeding about £300 per family for livestock and machinery. The settlers are being placed in districts that are fairly well settled, and will not have the hardships and loneliness of pioneering to endure. There are neighbors, and arrangements are made for friendly assistance from these.

"The plan is promising, but it is being conducted on a very small scale," the Province says. "There are two reasons for this. It is in the experimental stage yet, and the families who are given assistance are so carefully selected that no great number can measure up to the requirements. If it is to be extended, as it should be, once its merits are proven, it will probably be necessary to take in people who have had no great acquaintance with rural life, and to extend the period of probation or adopt some means of training such as was suggested by Lord Burnham in his address to the Vancouver Canadian Clubs.

"Strange as it may seem, the number of farms available is at present also limited, for the only land being utilized for empire settlement consists of property taken up under the soldier settlement scheme and abandoned. In a country like this, with millions of untilled acres within easy reach of railways, there should be no difficulty in getting farms for all who wish them, and if the scheme is to do its best for the settlers and for the Dominion, some means will have to be found of bringing this land under cultivation. We are a very much scattered country, and might, with considerable advantage, devote some attention to becoming more compact.

"It is quite possible that families accustomed to farm life might be secured more easily on the continent of Europe than in Great Britain. But the settlement of these would raise problems which the placing of British immigrants would not involve. Besides, we should have to meet the whole expense ourselves, and would be doing nothing in bringing in foreign immigrants to help the Motherland settle her problem of surplus population. While by no means rejecting promising settlers from the continent, it would seem to be wisest for us, during some years to come, to concentrate more on securing the best type of immigrant we can get from the British Isles."

Large Milk Production

Holstein Owned By B.C. Government Creates New Record

Stated to have created a record in milk and butter fat production in its class at the United States and Canada, Colonel Mayne Perfection, a three-year-old member of the famous herd of Colony Farm Holsteins, during the last year, has produced 28,046 pounds of butter, according to word received at the farm at New Westminster, B.C., from the record of performance headquarters in Eastern Canada. Colony Farm is owned by the British Columbia government. Colonel Mayne Perfection is the farm's own breeding.

Wins Over Prince

Fifth Prize Winner In Calf Club Beats E.P. Ranch Entry

Edwin Baldson's Hereford calf won first in a class of 35 in the Lethbridge Calf Club competition, judged by Prof. Sackville at the fair. A sensational feature of the morning's judging was the placing of the fifth prize winner in the calf club competition, a pure-bred Shorthorn heifer led by Raymond Sprinkle, of Cluny, ahead of the Prince of Wales' ranch entry, Shorthorn heifer class.

King of the Fairies, the E.P. Ranch herd bull, was an easy first in his class.

A Lesson In Evolution

The report that bonneless buffalo recently shipped north are heading for the prairies illustrates a lesson in evolution. The wood species, among which they were transplanted, worked north gradually, probably taking centuries to accustom themselves to the last great west" for the monarch of the plains. The exiles from Wainwright evidently object to existing into wood buffalo all at once.—Calgary Albertan.

Some people give advice merely because they wish to get rid of it.

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Ed. L. Stone, Editor and Prop

THURSDAY, SEPT. 24, 1925.

OUR CHURCHES

THERE are few people in the world today who, deep down in their hearts have not some religious sentiments, and who are not firm believers in the influence which our churches wield in every community. No man or woman—especially if they are married and have a family—wants to live in a community where there are no churches or religious environments, if he or she can help it.

The Review believes this is a fact; and because we believe so the question naturally arises: why is it, then that our churches so often experience such difficulties in carrying on and satisfactorily meeting their financial obligations? Looking at this question from its several angles in an attempt to answer it, we are forced to the conclusion that the reason is because the ordinary business acumen usually found in the running and managing of other successful organizations, is not adopted by the rank and file of those who really want to have churches in their community. Too often the burden or running and financing our churches falls on a few of the most enthusiastic and energetic, and in many cases they are those who can least afford it.

If churches are to be successfully run they must be run along business lines, and the sooner the general public begins to realize this the better for all concerned.

If we mean what we say when we talk of the need and influence of churches in our community then all who think that way should assume some responsibility for the financing of those churches. Wheather one goes to church once a week, once a month or once a year he wants to have it there and in operation when he feels like going to it. Most of all he wants it there for his children to go to. Then why should he not help to keep it there. It costs just as much to keep it in operation when he is not church as when he is at church. No man or woman could have the use of, or receive the benefits from, a club or lodge by paying only a small fee when he or she felt like attending that club or lodge. They must pay annual dues in order to assure the organization being kept in operation throughout the year. We should look upon the maintainence of our churches in the same way, if we would have them the success they should be. It is not meant by this that our churches should set an annual fee for all who worship in them. Not at all. The setting of that fee is a matter which can easily be decided upon by the individual, so long as he or she assumes some responsibility for helping to keep the organization functioning.

Religion may be free but you can't build, light, heat, equip and run churches on nothing. It is the business of all who believe in them to see that our churches of all denominations, are kept in successful operation.

THE WHEAT POOL

IN another column of this issue will be found an advertisement in connection with the big drive for wheat pool members which is now on throughout the province.

Since the success of the wheat pool means so much to farmers and townspeople alike it is only reasonable to expect that both classes will use every means to make this present canvass a great success.

The organising of the Alberta Wheat Pool in the middle of the summer of 1923 attracted world wide attention. It was said at the time that success for such a venture was impossible, but so great was the enthusiasm for it bothamongst farmers and the business men of the province that instantaneous success met its first year.

The Alberta Pool is the prov- of Alberta wing of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, which is the selling agency of the three pools, namely Alberta Saskatchewan and Manitoba. The head office of this selling organization is at Winnipeg, with branch offices at Calgary, Vancouver, New York and Paris France.

The combined membership of the three Canadian wheat pool is 110,000, and the volume of wheat handled in the past season was in excess of 80,000,000 bushels. It is estimated that the Central Agency will handle this year at least 140,000,000 bushels of wheat.

Although the members' agreement and bylaws and other necessary papers were not drawn up until August of that year, the canvass for members which then ensued met so fine a response that by November, 1923, there were enrolled 25,601 members, representing a total acreage of 2,416,413 acres. Confidence in the pool continued to grow, additional members were constantly added to the lists so that by September 16, 1925, the membership had increased to 32,162, representing a total of acreage under contract of 3,134,-047 acres.

Although so short a time was open to organise the operations of 1923, the Alberta Wheat Pool handled in 1923 34,222,833 bushels of wheat, that had a ttal value to the farmers of this province of $37,516,528. The crop of 1924 was not so uniformly good, but in that year the pool handled 23,025, 135 bushels, of a total value of $35,050,000.

By the advantage gained by co-operative marketing through the wheat pools, the cost of handling and selling the wheat from the prairie provinces has been cut down to 3-8 of 1 cent per bushel. When all these things are taken into consideration the wonder is that there are any farmers west of the great lakes who are not identified with the wheat pool, and that all merchants in the same area are not intensely interested in its further success.

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"The Beer without a Peer"
For Sale Today on Permits

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Less refund on bottles
Hours of business under the law close at 6 p.m.
LETHBRIDGE BREWERY Ltd.
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Ten Thousand Alberta Farmers with One Million Acres of Wheat

Are Now Ready to Join

The Alberta Wheat Pool

A Comission of $1.50 per contract will be paid on all bona fide Contracts sent to Head Office

Between Sept. 20th and Dec. 31st, 1925

The Campaign is open to the public and a commission will be paid to all canvassers except members of the Board of Directors and Employees of the Pool.

Delegates and Local Secretaries are eligible to canvass and to receive commission.

CONDITIONS OF CAMPAIGN

(1) All Contracts sent in must be complete as to signature of the grower, his Post Office address, land location, etc. If the Grower's name is not clearly written, print it.

(2) A Canvasser's Report properly filled in must accompany each parcel of Contracts. This will show to whom the Commission should be paid.

(3) Where the membership fee of $3.00 is paid in cash by the signer, the Canvasser may remit $1.50 to Head Office and retain the balance as his Commission.

(4) Where the grower signs the note for $3.00, the Canvasser should see that the signature is properly witnessed. A commission of $1.50 per contract will be mailed to the Canvasser's address as shown on the Canvasser's report accompanying the Contract.

(5) Contract forms, Canvasser's Report forms, and self addressed envelopes, are being sent to all Wheat Pool Delegates, Wheat Pool Local Secretaries, U. F. A. Secretaries, and Secretaries of Municipal Districts, or you can write to Head Office for supplies.

INCREASE YOUR SELLING STRENGTH BY AN ADDITIONAL TEN MILLION BUSHELS IN THIS YEAR'S POOL

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE WHEAT PRODUCERS, LTD
CALGARY

CREATOR OF THE "SCARLET PIMPERNEL" IN QUEBEC

(Upper right) The oldest member and the youngest of the Asselin family living in the oldest house in Quebec. (Upper left) Baroness Orczy with the Asselin family. (Lower) the two-hundred-and-fifty-year-old Asselin Farm House at St. Famille, near Ile D'Orleans, just outside Quebec.

Baroness Orczy who is visiting Canada in order to secure local color for a new romance which she has in mind, has already written 32 novels in addition to "The Scarlet Pimpernel," of which three and a half million copies have been sold and which has been translated into fourteen languages. Of recent years her books have become very popular in Japan. Although her novels are now sold at the rate of over a thousand copies a day, the publishers were at first slow to recognize the popularity of her appeal and "The Scarlet Pimpernel" was refused by no less than twelve publishing houses.

Although she has chosen the English language as her medium, the Baroness is by birth a Hungarian and did not learn English until she was fifteen. Her father to whom Liszt dedicated one of his Hungarian rhapsodies believed in giving his children an education which would enable them to earn their own living if necessity arose, and the Baroness therefore trained for and passed the London matriculation examination so as to qualify as a teacher. She also studied art, but eventually chose the less prosaic career of a playwright and novelist in which she has achieved a phenomenal success.

This is her first trip to the continent but Canada has always appealed to Baroness Orczy as a land of great wheat plains and rugged mountains with a climate not unlike that of her own native Hungary. While most of her stories have dealt with the romantic periods in French or English history, she has occasionally taken modern themes as for instance in her story "The Emperor's Candlesticks" and she is particularly interested to see the influence of new conditions in a new country upon European races.

Her favorite author is Joseph Conrad, who like herself learned English as a foreign language although he eventually attained a greater mastery of that language than any English writer of his day.

While seeking local color in the vicinity of Quebec City, Baroness Orczy came across one of the oldest houses in the province—the Asselin Farm House, which is two hundred and fifty years old, and is in the tiny old-world village of St. Famille, in Ile D'Orleans, just outside Quebec. The Baroness quickly made friends of the Asselin family and was fascinated by their beautiful heir-looms. In the picture showing the interior of the ancient house, the oldest surviving member of the family is seen with her great-grandson to whom she loves to tell stories of the stirring romantic days the old province has passed through.

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THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

Helping The Dairy Industry

Problem of Feed Largely Solved by Sunflower Ensilage

That the prairie provinces of Canada have, probably, solved their main dairying problem, is the opinion of the Frankfort, Indiana, News. Their difficulty, due to the comparatively short summer season and the length and severity of the winter, has hitherto been the production of enough food, of the class called roughage, to carry their dairy herds through the winter. Late frosts in the spring, and early frosts in the fall, generally catch corn both a-ripe and coming. In the search for substitutes better suited for climatic conditions, experiments with sunflowers appear to have brought better results.

After observations in various localities in the far northwest, the Dominion department of agriculture feels itself justified in assuring farmers that from twenty to twenty-five tons of sunflower ensilage can be grown on a single acre of ground, and also that this is sufficiently rich in protein to make a first-class feed. The seed is drilled in rows close together so that the stalks grow tall and slender and are thus tender and succulent when cut for ensilage. Much of it, too, carries seed in the flowers that add to the food value.

Alberta is now endeavoring to build up its dairy industry under the stimulus of the sunflower experiments. Doubt is expressed, however, over the long season when feeding is required, as this may render dairying unprofitable except for convenient domestic markets or home consumption.

Take Liberties With Surnames

Western School Registers Show Many Queer Names Enrolled

It is not only among the foreign-born people that one may find strange names. Many of the long-established Canadian families have surnames as peculiar in their way as those that have been more recently brought from overseas, and some other families, in picking first names for their children, deliberately take liberties with their own ancestral trees. "Button," for example, is a simple and innocent surname; but "Pearl Button" is clearly a play on words. So also are Fudge Bridge, Snow Storm, Cherrie Pie, West Wind and White Joynt, which at various times and places have all been enrolled on western school registers. An Indian mother in Alberta named one of her daughters "Mary Ann Sarsaparilla," but at that she was no more original or unusual than these and many other white Canadians.

Why Use Butter On Bread

Fat Counteracts Bad Property in All Cereals

Until recently no one was able to say just why bread and butter are always associated as articles of our diet. It has now been shown that there is such a substance as an "anti-vitamin," or good property, which nullifies the influence of the bad property in bread and other cereals. The new discovery shows, for example, why the people of the cold north eat blubber and animal oils, while people of the south use olive and vegetable oils. Animal oils, it has been found, have properties that are possessed by the sun's rays. In the Arctic regions sunlight is comparatively rare, and so fat is eaten in its place. Vegetable fats, on the other hand, do not contain this property.

Quite Unnecessary

Mother was very careful indeed about the upbringing of her little son, Tommy. Particularly careful was she to make him say grace before each meal.

Recently in a restaurant, after the waitress had served the tea, mother said to Tommy:

"Now, say grace, please, Tommy."

Tommy looked quite surprise.

"But, mamma," objected the small boy, "we're paying for this, aren't we?"

Explorer Discovers Strange Creatures

Fish that climb trees, monkeys that brush their teeth after meals, and birds that sleep upside down are among the strange creatures discovered in the Malay Peninsula by Carveth Wells, an explorer. Another freak of this part of the world is a fish that flirts. It is the only swimming animal known to have a real wink.

No one in Germany is allowed to have a radio receiving set until he pays a fee of twenty-five gold marks and obtains a permit from the police. Receiving sets now cost in Germany from three hundred to four hundred gold marks.

It doesn't cost anything to say good morning, even if it's raining.

Stories Regarding Sea Serpent Verified

Strange Marine Monster Seen Off Northern Coast of B.C.

Children of the Queen Charlotte Islands, off the northern British Columbia coast, who for two months told their parents of a sea serpent they had noticed disporting itself off shore, had their stories verified when a strange marine monster was seen by settlers off Graham Island, according to a report received by John P. Babcock, deputy commissioner of fisheries, from John J. Van Valkenberg.

"When I saw the animal going down the inlet, he was travelling with the tide, with the slow, wriggling motion that a land snake employs when swimming at leisure," Mr. Van Valkenberg wrote. "The head and about six or eight feet of the body was above the surface. When it submerged, its body came up in a long spiral like a rope being dragged over a submerged object. Its tail did not come out, so that I was unable to see its size precisely.

"The body was round, or a short oval, dark green, almost black on the back, and growing lighter underneath, with spots of black. The head was rather long, and I could see knots that I took for eyes and nostrils."

Heiress Prefers To Work

Left Fortune By Employer Maid's Head Is Not Turned

There is at least one wealthy woman in England who does her own laundry work.

She is Mrs. Jane Holt, the Nottingham woman who was left a fortune of $250,000 by G. P. Cooley, for whom she had worked as maid for many years.

When I visited her she was engaged in washing curtains in a large bowl on a table.

Mrs. Holt, although 69, looks considerably younger, and is remarkably active. Seven and a half weeks had elapsed since she came into her fortune, but she is in no hurry to alter her present mode of living.

"I had a little property of my own even before Mr. Cooley left me his money," she said, "so my head was not likely to be turned, but I must confess that when I heard the news I sat down and had a good cry. He was a considerate employer, and I would willingly be without the money if he were alive.

"I believe in work," she continued. "Some people who come into money give up work and lose their health in consequence. I am not going to be so foolish."

Seven Tons Pressure On Every Square Inch

Enormous Pressure Estimated In Great Depths of Ocean

The sea is deeper than we thought, and the valleys in its bed are a far greater distance down than the highest mountains are up.

It is a curious coincidence that when Everest, the world's tallest peak, has been all but conquered, and more careful measurements of its height have shown no increase over former estimates, that a new sounding of the sea has shown a depth a fifth of a mile greater than was previously known.

The pressure at these great depths is enormous. As we walk about on the earth the pressure of the atmosphere as it weighs on us is equal to fifteen pounds on every square inch; but in the great depth of the Pacific Ocean, off Japan, the pressure is about 14,725 pounds, or nearly seven tons on every square inch of space.

A piece of wood or cork floats at the surface of the sea because of the large amount of air in it. But if it were pushed down to these depths the material, including the air, would be greatly compressed, and both wood and cork would be like lead.

Apples To Canada Also

Our picture shows, plays and novels are almost all borrowed and the greater number comes from the large American cities. Whatever the problems of those American cities may be, and however their people may face the great future, the fact stands that the influences at work there are very different from those which have made the best type of Australians; and it is impossible to continue to feed millions of Australian minds with their thoughts without altering and weakening our national existence.—Sydney Bulletin.

Ideal Golf Course

In Fiji it is said, there is a very popular golf course almost entirely covered with sensitive plants, which shrivels at a touch. There are no lost balls, no uncertainty as to the direction of a drive, for the course of the ball to its resting place is marked by a line of shrivelled sensitive plants.

An American firm has secured monopoly for manufacturing of matches in Poland.

Predicts More Severe Winters

Scientists Also Say Next Three Years Will See Little Summer

Are 1926 and the two or three years immediately following it going to have very severe winters, with little or no summer?

This is the question scientists are trying to answer. They state that the likelihood is that next summer, and the two or three summers immediately following it, will be periods of many storms, much rainfall, and a minimum of sunshine.

Dr. R. E. Delury, assistant director of the Dominion observatory, states that the reason is that during the next two or three years, sun spots will reach a maximum number, and the sunlight coming through to the earth will be reduced to a minimum unachieved since about 1867 years ago, when the last sun spot maximum was reached.

The 262-year cycle, in the past, coincides with pestilences, poor crops, little or no summer, and other disasters.

Life's Happiest Period

People Miss the Best in Eager Rush For Development

There is not so much business done in summer as in winter, and those engaged in it are weary of the inactivity and look longingly for the coming days. There can be no doubt about it, the roses should be more attractive than the snows, but the activity of humanity warps the mind from the bloom of the gardens to the chill of the winter snows. In her anxiety to make men provident, nature made them too eager. Of all the happy periods in human life, childhood is the happiest, but the children are anxious to grow up. The happiest period in family life is when the babies are young, and the parents are dreaming their dreams about them, but they are looking forward to the time when these babies will be grown up, and filling large places in life. Thus it is that summer is ever calling to the winter. It is the end of the cycle, and for the end all things are made.—Port Howan News.

Thanks Were Reserved

Five-year old Billie at the breakfast table asked for more bacon. There being very little bacon left, his father, without comment, put a piece of toast on his plate, which was accepted in silence.

Finally father said, "Well, Billie, what do you say?"

"I say I want some bacon, and when I get it I am going to say, 'Thank you,'" said Billie.

A woman at Rock, Wales, who began work in the mines aged 10, is hale and hearty at 102.

Made Interesting Northern Survey

Map of Fond du Lac River Basin Has Been Published

During the summer of 1924, a party of Dominion Government surveyors left the railroad at The Pas, Manitoba, and emerged from the northland at Waterways, Alberta. Incidental to their survey work they travelled a main canoe route of 700 miles involving 46 portages and completed their journey with a 380-mile trip by gas boat from Fond du Lac on Lake Athabasca to Waterways.

As a result of their journey and survey, the topographical survey department of the interior recently published a map of the Fond du Lac River basin, which may be secured from the department for a small fee.

The survey of Wollaston Lake and Fond du Lac River has greatly extended knowledge of the geography of the country. An interesting feature of the district is that Wollaston Lake covering nearly 1,000 square miles and over 60 feet deep lies on a summit and has two large outlets. Fond du Lac River draining to Lake Athabasca and thence to the Arctic Ocean and Cochrane River draining to Reindeer Lake and through Reindeer and Churchill Rivers to Hudson Bay. The surveyors report good fishing to be had, the trout in Wollaston Lake weighing up to forty-five pounds.

Largest Map Of World

Painted in Oil by Express Direction of Pope

What is said to be the largest map of the world in existence painted in oil by the express direction of the Pope has been unveiled in the pavilion of the congregation for the propagation of the faith before a large gathering attending the missionary exposition at the Vatican. The map covers approximately 2,750 square feet of canvas, but is divided into several sections, the scale varying in each according to the geographical importance of the respective countries.

Transplanting An Eye

A Hungarian biologist has succeeded in transplanting the eye of one rat into the head of another, and not only did the visual organs accommodate themselves to their new quarters as far as physiological growth is concerned, but they also recovered their powers of vision after the wounds were healed. Whether this operation can be performed in the case of man has yet to be discovered.

Lightning striking an oil tank in California set on fire 52,000 gallons of oil and caused a loss of two million dollars.

Studying Weather By Rings

Various Trees Register Fairly Accurate Record of Seasons

Scientists of the Field Museum of Natural History expect to learn what the weather has been like for 300 years or more in the vicinity of Chicago by studying the rings on oak and willow stumps. It has been found that trees of various kinds register within their trunks a fairly accurate record of the seasons, because the wood that grew in the summer and that which grew in the spring can be distinguished in the annual rings. By these comparisons, deductions as to the amount of rainfall and sunshine that the trees received can be made. Carrying the study further, the microscope is expected to disclose what part of the wood was formed during cold, rainy and dry seasons, for the structure of the little sap tubes differs according to these conditions. Experiments and observations also have shown that the greatest growth in trees occurs on the side opposite to the direction of the winds. For instance, there are trees in Colorado in which the heart of the trunk is close to the bark on the side from which the prevailing winds blow.

Ginko Tree Living Fossil

Only One of Species Left That's Grew Before Ice Flood

One of the oldest living things in the world, a ginko tree, was recently uprooted and moved in a middle-western city to make way for a modern hotel. The tree was again planted. Two years ago, when a large house on the lot was moved, the owner ordered that the building be cut into two sections so that the life of the tree would be spared. Tree experts say that the ginko is a living fossil, the only member left of a family of trees that lived when terrible winged lizards roamed the earth, long before an ice flood destroyed them. Today the tree is no longer to be found in a wild state, but it is grown in the gardens in China, Manchuria and Japan.—Los Angeles Times.

Appealed To Imagination

On a certain Saturday afternoon, a bootblack stood at a downtown corner and shouted, "Shine!" But across the street another bootblack was capturing most of the trade. Instead of merely crying out "Shine!" this second follower of the Horatio Alger legend was employing the power of suggestion—of imagination. "Get your Sunday shine today!" was his invitation.

It is said that in ten years a regular airship service will be working which will bring Canada within two and a half days of England.

Canadians Should Be Proud

Supplied Munitions When Urgently Needed Despite Great Obstacles

A section of the first volume of Canada's official History of the Great War which has just been published deals with a subject which should bring pride to every Canadian. Not even the initiative and gallantry of our fighting men surpassed in vital importance the wonderful assistance which was rendered to the allied cause by the masterly way in which the Dominion responded to the urgent appeal by the Motherland to produce shells.

In graphic language the official record tells how towards the end of August, 1914, a wire came to Sir Sam Hughes in Ottawa from Lord Kitchener asking if Canada could produce munitions. Immediate consultation with American experts elicited the disheartening opinion that "it is absolutely impossible to procure or to manufacture shrapnel shells in Canada." Sir Sam's reply to these wireAcres was characteristic of the man, who whatever his faults may have been, was undoubtedly one of the ablest and most courageous organizers produced by the great struggle. "I will show you that they can be made in Canada," he said. He kept his word. Despite great obstacles within five weeks there were 34 manufacturers engaged in making shells in the Dominion and 18 more ready to equip. By December, 1914, the shell committee accepted and filled an order for 11,000 rounds of shrapnel ammunition.

In referring to this early effort Colonel David Carnegie, the historian, who as chief expert had no small share in the success of the country's great effort says, "the progress made by Canada in the manufacture of shells was a revelation to the British officials."

How the great adventure continued, how it was brought to a sudden halt by the exhaustion of the country's supply of zinc because the American zinc market was controlled by the Germans and how that difficulty was overcome by extracting the product from our native rocks are fully outlined. Later the pessimists and standpatters again said Canada couldn't produce high explosive TNT. Her answer was the shipment over forty-one million pounds of that substance to the allies before the war ended.

High tribute is paid to the imperial munitions board which succeeded the shell committee, to Sir Joseph Flavelle, its chairman, and its notable record of management. So great was the effort that by 1917 this country was sending across the seas one-third of the whole supply of the artillery munitions used by the British armies in the field. In addition, with the entry of the United States into the struggle the demand increased, for many months Canada, who has been told by American experts that she could not possibly make a single shell, was making millions for the armies of that country.

The roar of the guns has long ceased, but it is fitting to recall from time to time the mighty effort not alone of our heroic fighting men, but of the big army behind the lines who, women as well as men, were not found wanting in the great adventure.—Ottawa Journal.

How Name Was Selected

Looked Very Attractive When Seen in Sections

Many ministers could, from personal experience, tell of strange names bestowed upon infants at their baptism, but few could equal the following story recently told by the Bishop of Sodor and Man. A mother who was on the lookout for a good name for her child, saw on the door of a building the word "Nosmo." It attracted her, and she decided that she would adopt it. Some time later, passing the same building, she saw the name "King" on another door. She thought the two would sound well together, and so the boy was baptized "Nosmo King Smith." On her way home from the church where the baptism had taken place, she passed the building again. The two doors on which she had seen the names were now closed together, and what she read was not "Nosmo King," but "No Smoking."

"There's a man outside who wants something to eat."

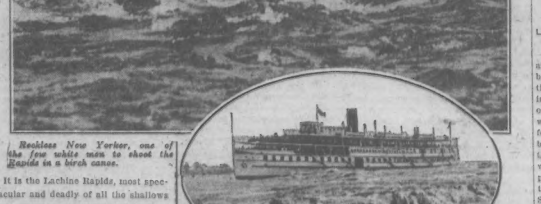
"Give him some bread and coffee, Jane."

"He seems to have seen better days, mum."

"That so? Then give him a napkin, too."

Five thousand pounds has been offered for a tapestry of the marriage of Henry the Seventh now hanging in Lyne Regis Church, England. The tapestry was a gift to the church, and it is hoped that it will not be sold.

Modern Heroes Emulate Old-Time Indian Braves



Reckless New Yorker, one of the few white men to shoot the Rapids in a birch canoe.

It is the Lachine Rapids, most spectacular and deadly of all the shallows in the long course of the St. Lawrence River. The river is beaten into a maze of cross currents and under currents, whirlpools and foam-laced rocks, peering with jagged teeth just flush with the sweep of the stream which here attains a speed of as high as twenty miles an hour. Looked at from the decks of the Canada Steamship Lines vessels that run these rapids daily, it seems as though no ship could live for a minute in those tormented waters. Yet noble Indian pilots have long known them to be as safe as any placid stretch of the Lake St. Louis into which the St. Lawrence broadens and through which the ship has just passed. Indian and French-Canadian pilots know the passage of the Rapids is safe but woe to the man who should attempt to run them without full knowledges of their treacherous depths and shallows. But the old-time spirit of the voyageurs and discoverers is not dead today for in the past two months, though the river was swollen by spring freshets, two canoeists have actually dared the dangerous passage and have succeeded. One of them was a man from New York State; the other was a native Montrealer. Both were, of course, experts and neither would probably try it again for any amount of money. Yet the "piercing eyes of Danger" are perhaps half the attraction for passengers on C.S.L. boats. They look over the side of the ship and shudder at the veritable inferno that not even the mind of a Dante could invent. As the steamer plunges among the breakers, the heading current carries her on towards the insidious rocks, sometimes hidden, sometimes exposed to view with the dark suggestion of others unseen below the waters. Deftly the ship passes them by, within a few feet of their treacherous edges, through clouds of spray ascending from the churning abyss. A moment more and the descent is completed, and soon the steamer glides into the placid waters beneath Victoria Bridge into Montreal. Of the million tourists who will visit Montreal this summer, it is safe to say that ninety per cent. will look forward to the passage of the Lachine Rapids as one of the major events of their stay in this city.

C.S.L. "Rapids Prince" shooting Lachine Rapids.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The British minister to Switzerland, on behalf of India, has signed the opium convention adopted at Geneva last February.

Belgium's first proposal for the refunding of its $480,000,000 debt to the United States was found unacceptable by the United States commission.

The Daily Express, Lord Beaverbrook's paper, suggests that Earl Beatty, admiral of the fleet, is qualified to be Lord Byng's successor as governor-general of Canada.

It is stated that the Soviet Government placed contracts for cotton valued at £300,000 sterling with various Lancashire firms that would keep the looms busy for several weeks.

Austin A. Nelson, a passenger, was killed, and Worthington R. Kempt, pilot, was seriously injured when Kempt's aeroplane fell 200 feet at Packard Field, Detroit.

Admiral Sah-Cheng-Ping, veteran commander-in-chief of the Chinese navy, in his report to the Peking Government urges it to stand firm in a demand for complete Chinese "freedom of the seas."

A daily air line service, carrying mail and passengers, has been started between Berlin and Moscow. By connecting with other air lines, one can go from Moscow to London in 36 hours.

An hour after Hampton Zeigler, 21, bought an aeroplane from W. R. Cox at Los Angeles, both men fell to their death in the machine which went into a tail spin while Cox was teaching Zeigler how to fly.

An anarchist attempted to assassinate King Alfonso, of Spain, as he entered the casino at Saint Sebastian, but he was seized before he could fire his pistol, according to a dispatch received at Paris.

Miss Mona Bates, Canadian pianist, using the name "Anom Setab," has won enthusiastic recognition in Vienna and Dresden, Germany. On one occasion she had the pleasure and honor on playing on the old piano used by the great master, Franz Liszt.

Sir Park Goff, one of the most learned members of the British House of Commons, has been selected by the British group which is to attend the International parliamentary conference at Washington in the fall, to lecture for them on the subject of disarmament.

Gave Two Orations At Own Funeral

Farmer of Davenport, Iowa, Made Phonograph Records Before Death

The voice of the dead delivered two orations at the funeral services for Charles W. Lau, wealthy retired farmer and former member of the school board.

In order to have a farewell heart-to-heart talk with his family and friends, and that he might criticize present conditions in the churches, Mr. Lau, three months ago, went to a Chicago laboratory and had two addresses inscribed on phonograph records.

He died. The two addresses were delivered through the phonograph, one at the services at the home and the other at the crematorium.

Has Model Lifeboat

Dutch Engineer Claims His Invention Cannot Capsize

Herr Schuitemeyer, of Rotterdam, a Dutch naval engineer, has invented a lifeboat which he claims cannot capsize and gives the occupants the fullest protection against exposure to the weather. The first experiments on a small scale were entirely successful. The inventor, with six friends, plans to sail the latest model of his lifeboat from Rotterdam to London, and thence to New York as the final test. The model now being constructed is 25 feet long, eight feet wide, and 4½ feet deep.

Will Penalize Bachelors

Bachelors in the Free State civil service in future will find that the unmarried state will subject them to penalty. An order has just been issued providing an equal pay basis for unmarried men and women. On their marriage, men employees will receive a lump sum and automatically become entitled to an increase. Women employees who wed will be forced to retire from the service, but will be given a substantial dowry.

Determined To Get Education

In Europe there are 250,000 students who are hungry and ragged, but who are determined to secure an education. Many of these have been aided by the European Student Relief, which was organized under the World's Student Christian Federation.

Criticizes Political Book

Winston Churchill Resents Things Said About His Father

The recent controversy between the sons of William Gladstone and Captain Peter Wright as a result of reflections on the great British statesman's private life in Captain Wright's book, "Portraits and Criticisms," has been revived by Winston Churchill, chancellor of the exchequer.

The chancellor of the exchequer says, "Unconscored Recollections" is a series of libels on various public figures, now dead, who played prominent, if not principal, parts in public life. References are made in this book to Winston Churchill's father, Lord Randolph Churchill, "who rose to the top of the political tree by a liberal use of insolence."

"From the point of ability, character and brains," the book says, "Lord Randolph Churchill was quite of the ordinary class, vastly inferior to his brother and without the genius, high courage and splendid patriotism of his son, Winston."

The book contains even more severe reference than this to Lord Randolph Churchill.

The publisher of "Uncensored Recollections," in an interview, says rather a long time had elapsed since the book was published to think of withdrawing it now. He says that within six months his firm published another book in which most favorable references were made to Lord Randolph Churchill.

Have Made Remarkable Request

Moros Tribesmen Ask Manilla Government For More Roads and Schools

Old tribesmen of the Moros, tough, ancient, battle-scarred veterans of tribal clashes and wars against the white man, have laid a remarkable request before the Manilla Government. They have appealed for "more roads and more schools." Thirty years ago the Filipino of the "wild tribes" was content with a nipa shack, a gourd or water, a jungle trail, a few bows and a good, sharp bolo. But the white trade rifle impressed him more than a dozen schools. If he wanted to go anywhere he found a trail. Civilization is working in the Philippines. A few half-caste politicians are the moving forces behind the independence movement. The mass of the population is content to have the Americans stay. The white man's foot in the Philippines has meant a long peace. The white man brought schools and he lays down roads. There is more wisdom in these old Moros than in the Filipino junta now working for an independence for a people who neither desire nor are ready for it.—New York Evening Post.

Post Office Will Adopt Zone Plan

System Will Be Tried Out In Toronto First

For the first time in Canada the metropolitan system of dividing large cities into postal districts or zones is to be attempted, according to advice received by Postmaster Jno. Nicholl at Regina. The new system is to be tried out in Toronto, and if satisfactory, will be introduced into Montreal.

The object of the new scheme is to speed up the sortation and delivery of mail in the larger cities. Toronto is to be divided into ten postal districts, all of which will have a special number from two up to 13, excluding seven and eleven.

When addressing a letter to Toronto henceforth, the proper method will be to include the number of the postal district to which the letter is being sent. Thus mail for John Smith living in district number two should be addressed:—Mr. John Smith, 156 College Street, Toronto 2, Ontario.

Call Relief Conference

Jews Will Meet in Philadelphia on September 12

Plans for continuing relief to their co-religionists in Europe and Palestine, with special reference to a project for settling 100,000 Jews in Russia as farmers by the end of 1927, will be considered at a nation-wide conference of Jews to be held in Philadelphia, Sept. 12. The call for the conference, which has been issued by David A. Brown, president of the general necessities corporation, New York, and is signed by over 200 leading Jews from all parts of the United States, describes the dates of the conference as important days in the history of American Jewry. Fifteen million dollars is the amount which, it is estimated, will be necessary to carry out the plans that will be submitted to the conference.

In one hundred years the population of England has grown from eight million to thirty-two million. This is a natural increase, as emigration is greater than immigration in England.

CLIPSE FASHIONS

Exclusive Patterns

by Hazel Dawson

1140

The Well-Dressed Boy's Summer Suit

Age counts when you are dressing the boy, and there is nothing more serviceable, nothing neater in appearance, and for summer coolness than the wash-suit, which has long been a favorite with the little chaps. Fast-color Devonshire-cloth fashions the suit of striped material, with its centre-front closing under a flat plait trimmed trimmed with buttons. The neck is high and the collar is comfortable-fitting. The long sleeves have a turn-back cuff, and set-in pockets trim the front of the jacket. The straight knee-trousers fit well and have side closing. The little fellow wears a suit of blue percale with short sleeves, and narrow frilling outlining the cuffs, collar and front plait. Sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 years requires 1¾ yards of 32-inch, or 1¼ yards of 36-inch material. Price 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

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Pattern No..... Size.....

.....

.....

Name.....

Town.....

Province.....

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Says Aeroplanes Will Have Steam Engines

British Expert Sees Great Change In Future Development

The use of steam engines in aeroplanes was predicted by Dr. John B. Haldane at the annual meeting of the Institute of Mining Engineers at Cardiff, Wales.

In the course of a paper on coal and oil engines, Dr. Haldane said in the very near future he believed steam engines would take the place of internal combustion engines to a very great extent, and that future development of the steam engine would be along the lines of increased steam pressure with smalled and lighter engines. The complete engine and boiler would be much smaller and lighter than an equivalent internal combustion engine, and would in all probability be more suitable and even superior for use in aeroplanes and motor cars.

Another scientist, Sir John Cadman, said he looked upon oil as a fuel which was passing. What oil was doing today coal would do again tomorrow, although oil would go into certain channels of use which coal would never again be able to regain.

A Rotor Aeroplane

A monoplane flying on the rotor principle and capable of a speed of three hundred miles an hour is the invention credited to an Austrian engineer. The inventor claims his machine will rise almost vertically and will be able to cross the Atlantic in twelve hours. The British air ministry is reported to be interesting itself in the invention and is said to have offered to build an experimental model according to the inventor's specifications.

New Type of Breakwater

A new kind of breakwater is being experimented with in California.

It is simply perforated pipe laid a short distance under the water. Compressed air is pumped into the pipe, and the bubbles that result are said to break up the waves effectually.

Governor-General Has Returned From North

Was Guest of Missionaries, Traders, Indians and Eskimos

After journeying thousands of miles, which carried him into the farthest-most regions of Canada's northern hinterland, His Excellency Baron Byng, Governor-General of Canada, has returned to civilization.

It was the first time that such a trip had been undertaken by any governor-general of the dominion, and, during the long trip, the party encountered much of the hardship experienced by the scattered population of the north country, obtained a keener appreciation of the vastness and possibilities of the Dominion, and came into personal contact with native Eskimos, Indians and members of missionary and trading outposts.

At Aklavik, Baron Byng inspected the principal buildings and chatted with members of the tiny settlement. He visited the outlying regions and stopped at an Eskimo fishing camp near Kittigaruit. The governor-general's appearance was a complete surprise to the natives, but they were equal to the occasion, and after greeting him in their peculiar fashion, they entertained their visitors at a breakfast of fish and tea. Speeches of welcome were delivered, and his excellency was presented with a number of native souvenirs.

On the return journey, stops were made at a number of points.

Enjoyed Canadian Trip

Earl Haig Says Canada Is Most Wonderful Country

One of the first questions put to Field Marshal Earl Haig on his arrival at Glasgow after his recent visit to Canada, was as to the possibility of his being the next governor-general of the Dominion, which was suggested while he was there.

The field marshal replied that he was now in his 65th year, and would like a rest, but after a pause he said:

"I would feel greatly honored, though, if offered the position."

Earl Haig said Canada, indeed, was a most wonderful country, and it offered good prospects to anyone prepared to work hard, as the people certainly did there.

Earl Haig said he greatly enjoyed his visit to the Dominion, particularly the Jubilee celebration in Calgary.

Collects Real Canadian Flowers

Four Hundred Varieties In Lady Byng's English Gardens

The secret of Lady Byng's decided preference for the great out-of-doors and the beautiful gardens of Canadian houses rather than the formality which marks receptions indoors was revealed during the visit to Vimy, one of the governor-general of Canada and his popular lady.

Lady Byng is an ardent lover of flowers and a keen gardener. Since she came to Canada she has collected no less than 400 different varieties for the beautiful gardens of her English home. Accompanying the plants to England have gone careful instructions from her as to receive the best of attention. Of the 400, only twelve have failed to thrive after being transported across the Atlantic and transplanted in English soil.

Accepted Valuable Diamond

Stone Given To Prince Is Probably Worth $10,000

The Prince of Wales has refused a 65 carat diamond in Kimberley, but has accepted one of 12-carats. Even the 12 carat stone is so large that there are few, if any, of that size in Toronto, although they can be obtained, in the regular way, in New York or London. The 65 carat stone, on the other hand, is so large as not to be a commercial proposition—comparing in size, probably, with a twenty-five cent piece. A 2 or 3 carat stone is worth about $600 per carat, but this value increases with the size of the stone, and the one accepted by the Prince would probably be worth $10,000. It would be difficult to value the larger one.—The Toronto Star.

Children Get Bigger

The average British school boy and girl have grown to such an extent, apparently through the increase of outdoor exercises, that desks supplied in the schools are not by any means large enough. Boys of five feet ten inches, and girls of five feet eight inches are not uncommon in London schools, and it has been decided to supply desks of large size to meet the improved development of school children.

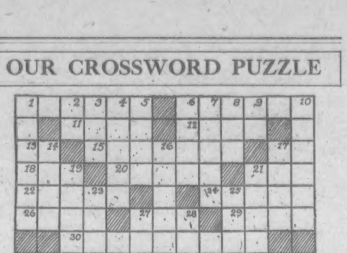
Why Worry

There was a crash of dishes from the kitchen.

"Sarah!" cried her mistress. "What are you doing?"

"Ain't doin' nothin', ma'am," said Sarah calmly. "It's all did."

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal

1—Grave.
6—A case in Latin grammar, usually indicated by to.
11—A plant from which a bitter cathartic is obtained.
12—In bad.
13—Ecclesiastic.
15—To make level or thinner.
17—Pronoun.
18—An intoxicant.
20—Something that gives pleasure.
21—A cavity.
22—Embroidery silk.
24—Overturned or scattered by accident.
26—Skin.
27—To irritate.
29—Short poems.
30—Can be divided.
31—To transport.
33—Do.
34—God of love.
37—Comes together.
39—To adjust.
40—A hand propeller.
41—Subject.
44—Grassy plain.
45—Else.
46—Insignts.
48—North latitude (abbr.).
49—Cutting off a covering.
50—Digits.
52—To occur.
53—Speaker.

Vertical

1—Decorative neck wear.
2—Sixth tone.
3—Dwarf.
4—Sloughs off.
5—Close.
6—Facts.
7—Aids.
8—Much-used Decimal number.
9—Contraction of I would.
10—Builds.
14—Husk.
16—Long magnifying instrument.
17—Man.
19—More moody.
21—Pertaining to the stars.
23—Brushed.
25—Propelled.
27—Route.
28—A carved memorial post.
31—Even; flat.
32—To understand by sound.
35—Not closed.
36—Not fresher.
38—Grocery.
39—Imitor.
42—Prophetic sign.
43—Denotes entrance.
46—Chart.
47—Expanse of water.
49—Pages (abbr.).
51—City highway (abbr.).

Sends Greetings To Mackenzie

Good Wishes From Baron Byng To Arctic Explorer

Greetings from an explorer of Canada's western Arctic land to an explorer of the eastern Arctic land, was contained in a message received at Ottawa by W. W. Cory, deputy minister of the interior, from His Excellency Baron Byng of Vimy, on board the steamer Distributor, in his trip to the Arctic Ocean down the Mackenzie River.

This message, which was transmitted to Mr. Cory by O. S. Finnie, director of the North-West Territories and in charge of the governor-general's trip, with instructions to send it to George P. Mackenzie, who is in charge of the annual expedition up the eastern Arctic coast of Canada on the steamer Arctic, read as follows: "Governor-General and party on board S.S. Distributor, send all good wishes and greetings from Mackenzie River area of Arctic circle, and wish you and Mackenzie every success in the difficult task before you."

The message was relayed to the Mackenzie party on board the Arctic, north of Labrador.

Annoyed But Not Surprised

Halifax Woman Used to Motor Trucks Crashing Into Parlor

Sitting in her front parlor in the two-storey wooden house she occupies in the heart of the business district of Halifax, Mrs. Julia Poole received an unexpected guest in the shape of a huge motor truck that crashed its way through the side of the building and came to rest in the middle of the room with its fenders on the threshold of the dining room door. Mrs. Poole was somewhat annoyed, but not greatly surprised, since this was the third time in as many years that she has been forced to entertain a similar caller.

The truck had been proceeding down Queens Street, which is steep, when the driver lost control. The big machine started for Mrs. Poole's drawing room, arriving unheralded. The driver was arrested.

Fast Travelling Balls

A cricket ball "hit for a six" travels from the bat at a speed of about ninety miles an hour, while it has been established that a golf ball hit by a first-class driver travels at about 250 feet per second. A tennis ball served by a good hitter leaves the racket at about 125 feet per second.

After a person has been struck by lightning without serous injury, queer marks resembling the veins of leaves often appear on their bodies. These are lessons due to the passing of electricity through tissues.

Auto Tags As Shingles

Oscar Lemdahl, Seattle, Wash., shingled his summer cottage with discarded license plates. The plates are from nearly every state, and 2,500 of them were used.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

E	N	G	I	N	E		A	T	T	U	N	E		
R	E	A	S	O	N		S	O	A	P	E	D		
R	E	M	A	S		A	N		B	I				
O	D	D		H	A	T	E	D		N	U	T		
R	E	A	L		W	A	N	D	E	R		M	O	L
E		D		A	V	E	R	A	G	E		A	D	
	S		P	A	N		C	E	N	T				
S	T		S	T	U	T	T	E	R		T	O		
H	A	L	E		E	R	E		T	A	R	N		
A	L	L	A		A	R	E		D	O	L	E		
M	E		D	O		P		V	I		P	O		
E	N	C	O	R	E		L	E	S	S	O	N		
S	T	A	T	E	D		B	R	O	O	D	S		

Would Sell Ships To Russia

German Firms Willing to Sell Soviets On Credit

German shipbuilding firms, including "Krupp Wharf" and "Deutsche Wharf," have approached the Soviet commercial navy department with an offer to build a number of commercial and passenger ships on credit for 10 to 15 years upon payment of 10 per cent. cash with order. The commercial navay department considered the terms acceptable and decided to order several tank steamers as well as passenger ships.

In a memorandum addressed to the central authorities at Moscow recommending the offer, the commercial navy department stated that the interest of the Soviet shipbuilding works will not suffer by placing orders for ships abroad, as for the whole sum assigned by the government for Russian shipbuilding, orders have already been placed with Russian works, and that the cost of the ships which will be built abroad will be defrayed from the profits derived from the exploitation of those ships.

Ruined Wales' Film

Ink Bottle Hurled At Picture By Dublin Nurse

When films of the Prince of Wales on his tour of South Africa were being shown in a motion picture theatre in Dublin, a nurse, Dora Maguire, threw a bottle of ink at the screen, ruining it. She was fined £5 in police court and ordered to compensate a girl musician whose clothing was ruined. The nurse told the police when she was arrested that she had no personal objection to the Prince, but could not stand people cheering those who had helped the "Black and Tans."

(The "Black and Tans" served as an auxiliary police force in Ireland during the disturbed period preceding the establishment of the Irish Free State.)

Unveil Scott Memorial

A national memorial to the members of the Scott expedition, who perished while returning from an unsuccessful dash for the South Pole in 1913, was unveiled near Davenport, England, Captain Scott's birthplace. The memorial was erected by a national subscription fund.

China has an area of 4,225,000 square miles and a population of 450,000,000.

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BAREE, SON OF KAZAN
by James Oliver Curwood
A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

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"BAREE, SON OF KAZAN," a Vitagraph Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog, is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

Baree, son of Kazan, a dog, and Gray Wolf, was nearly three weeks old when first he wandered away from home. His first adventure was a fight with an owl, in which both were badly torn and mauled. Growing hungry, he succeeded finally in catching a crayfish in a creek. Soon he came upon Wakayoo, a huge black bear, which puzzled him but which disappeared at his approach. Wandering through the forest Baree grew hungrier. The dog in him wanted to die but the wolf spark burned stronger.

CHAPTED IV.—Continued.

In the forests no wolf was in the great cities fate plays its changing and whimsical hand. If Baree had dragged himself in the timber half an hour later he would have died. He was too far gone now to hunt for crayfish or kill the weakest bird. But he came just as Sekoosew, the ermine—the most bloodthirsty little pirate of all the wild—was making a kill.

As Baree sat under his tree, Sekoosew was creeping on his prey. His game was a big fat spruce-hen standing under a thicket of black currant bushes. Ten cars of no living thing could have heard Sekoosew's movement. He was like a shadow—a gray dot here, a flash there, now hidden behind a stick no larger than a man's wrist, appearing for a moment, the next instant gone as completely as if he had not existed. Thus he approached from fifty feet to within three feet of the spruce-hen. That was his favorite striking distance. Unerringly he launched himself at the drowsy partridge's throat, and his needle-like teeth sank through feathers into flesh.

Sekoosew was prepared for what happened then. It always happened when he attacked Napanao, the wood-partridge. Her wings were powerful, and her first instinct when she struck was always that of flight. She rose straight up now with a great thunder of wings. Sekoosew hung light, his teeth buried deep in her throat, and his tiny, sharp claws clinging to her like hands. Through the air he whizzed with her, rising deeper and deeper, until a hundred yards from where that terrible death thing had fastened to her throat, Napanao crashed again to earth.

"And Nepeese, aiming carefully at Baree, pressed steadily with her brown forefinger upon the trigger."

Where she fell was not ten feet from Baree. For a few moments he looked at the struggling mass of feathers in a daze, not quite comprehending that at last food was almost within his reach. Napanao was dying, but she still struggled convulsively with her wings. Baree rose stealthily, and after a moment in which he gathered all his remaining strength, he made a rush for her. His teeth sank into her breast—and not until then did he see Sekoosew. The ermine had raised his head from the death grip at the partridge's throat, and his savage little red eyes glared a single instant into Baree's. Here was something too big to kill, and with an angry squeak the ermine was gone. Napanao's wings relaxed, and the throb went out of her body. She was dead. Baree hung on until he was sure. Then he began his feast.

Baree ate a third of the partridge, and the remaining two-thirds he cached very carefully at the foot of the big spruce. Then he hurried down to the creek for a drink. The world looked very different to him now. After all, one's capacity for happiness depends largely on how deeply one has suffered. One's hard luck and misfortune for the measuring stick for future good luck and fortune. So it was with Baree. Forty-eight hours ago a full stomach would not have made him a tenth part as happy as he was now. Then his greatest longing was for his mother. Since then a still greater yearning had come into his life—for food. In a way it was fortunate for him that he had almost died of exhaustion and starvation, for his experience had helped to make a man of him—or a wolf-dog, just as you are of a mind to put it. He would miss his mother for a long time. But he would never miss her again as he had missed her yesterday, and the day before.

For another day and night Baree remained in the vicinity of his cache. When the last bone was picked, he moved on. He now entered a country where subsistence was no longer a puzzling problem for him. It was a lynx country, and where there are lynx, there are also a great many rabbits. When the rabbits thin out, the lynx emigrate to better hunting grounds. As a snowshoe rabbit breeds all the summer through, Baree found himself in a land of plenty.

And this was straight into the trapping country of Pierrot, the half-breed.

Pierrot, until two years ago, had believed himself to be one of the most fortunate men in the big wilderness. That was before La Mort Rouge—the Red Death—came. He was half French, and he had married a Cree chief's daughter, and in their log cabin on the Gray Loon they had lived for many years in great prosperity and happiness. Pierrot was proud of three things in this wild world of his: he was proud of Wyola, his royal-blooded wife; he was proud of his daughter; and, he was proud of his reputation as a hunter. Until the Red Death came, life was quite complete for him. It was then—two years ago—that the smallpox killed his princess wife. He still lived in the little cabin on the Gray Loon, but he was a different Pierrot. The heart was sick in him. It would have died, had it not been for Nepeese, his daughter. His wife had named her Nepeese, which means the Willow. Nepeese had grown up like the Willow, slender as a reed, with all her mother's wild beauty, and with a little of the French thrown in. She was sixteen, with great dark, wonderful eyes, and hair so beautiful that an agent from Montreal passing that way had once tried to buy it. It fell in two shining braids, each as big as a man's wrist, almost to her knees. "Non, M'sieu," Pierrot had said, a cold glitter in his eyes as he saw what was in the agent's face. "It is not for barter."

Two days after Baree had entered his trapping ground, Pierrot came in from the forests with a troubled look in his face.

"Something is killing off the young beavers," he explained to Nepeese, speaking to her in French. "It is a lynx or a wolf. Tomorrow—" He shrugged his thin shoulders, and smiled at her.

"We will go on the hunt," laughed Nepeese happily, in her soft Cree.

When Pierrot smiled at her like that, and began with "Tomorrow," it always meant that she might go with him on the adventure he was contemplating.

Still another day later, at the end of the afternoon, Baree crossed the Gray Loon on a bridge of driftwood that had been forged between two rocks. This was to the north. Just beyond the driftwood bridge there was a small open, and to the edge of this Baree paused to enjoy the last of the setting sun. As he stood upon the open ledge, his tail drooping low, his ears alert, his sharp-pointed nose sniffing the new country to the north, there was not a pair of eyes in the forest that would not have taken him for a young wolf.

From behind a clump of young balsams, a hundred yards away, Pierrot and Nepeese had watched him come over the driftwood bridge. Now was the time, and Pierrot levelled his rifle. It was not until then that Nepeese touched his arm softly. Her breath came a little excitedly as she whispered:

"Nootawe, let me shoot. I can kill him!"

With a low chuckle Pierrot gave the gun to her. He counted the whelp as already dead. For Nepeese, at that distance, could send a bullet into each square nine times out of ten. And Nepeese, aiming carefully at Baree, pressed steadily with her brown forefinger upon the trigger.

FULL OF ACHES AND PAINS

Toronto Mother Found Relief by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Toronto, Ontario,—"I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a splendid medicine to take before and after confinement. A small book was put in my door one day advertising Lydia E. Pinkham's medicines, and as I did not feel at all well at the time I went and got a bottle of Vegetable Compound right away. I soon began to notice a difference in my general health. I was full of aches and pains at the time and thought I had every complaint going, but I can truthfully say your medicine certainly did me good. I can and will speak highly of it, and I know it will do other women good who are sick and ailing if they will only give it a fair trial. Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills are splendid for constipation. You are welcome to use my letter if you think it will help any one."—Mrs. Hubert Westwood, 549 Quebec Street, Toronto, Ontario.

The expectant mother is wise if she considers carefully this statement of Mrs. Westwood. It is but one of a great many, all telling the same story—beneficial results.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is especially adapted for use during this period. The experience of other women who have found this medicine a blessing is proof of its great merit. Why not try it now yourself?

W. N. U. 1590

PIMPLES OVER FACE AND NECK

Itched and Burned Badly. Healed by Cuticura.

"My face started to itch and burn and then broke out with pimples that were hard, large and red. After a few days they festered and scaled over and were very sore. They itched and burned so badly that I used to scratch which caused them to spread all over my face and neck. My face was badly disfigured.

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using I purchased more and in about two weeks I was healed." (Signed) Miss Bertha Wilson, R. F. D. 2, Foresters Falls, Ont., Oct. 5, 1924.

Daily use of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum helps to prevent skin troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass. Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

ONTARIO COLLEGE OF ART
Toronto, Canada
DRAWING-PAINTING-MODELLING-DESIGN
DIPLOMA COURSE — JUNIOR COURSE
TEACHERS COURSE — COMMERCIAL ART
G. A. REID, R.C.A., Principal
Session 1925-26 Opens October 5th
For Prospectus Apply To Registrar

CHAPTER V.

As the Willow pulled the trigger of her rifle, Baree sprang into the air. He felt the force of the bullet before he heard the report of the gun. It lifted him off his feet, and then sent him rolling over and over as if he had been struck a hideous blow with a club. For a flash he did not feel pain. Then it ran through him like a knife of fire, and with that pain the dog in him rose above the wolf, and he let out a wild cry of puppish yapping as he "rolled and twisted on the ground.

Pierrot and Nepeese had stepped from behind the balsams, the Willow's beautiful eyes shining with pride at the accuracy of her shot. Instantly she caught her breath. Her brown fingers clutched at the barrel of her rifle. The chuckle of satisfaction died on Pierrot's lips as Baree's cries of pain filled the forest.

(To be continued)

Coffee In Different Countries

In the art of coffee-making there are no standards; each country has its own ideas on the subject. The French like their coffee black, strong and hot. In Turkey the Mohammedan boils his coffee over a charcoal fire in a small brass kettle; each cup is made fresh and consumed, grounds included, in small sips. Russia, Switzerland and Denmark all follow the French fashion. Bulgaria prefers Turkish methods. In Germany the housewife thinks no coffee worth drinking unless made from beans she has roasted herself. The Italian idea combines the methods of Brittany and France. The Austrians are more original and make delicious coffee with milk topped with whipped cream. The Mexican drinks a brand of coffee peculiarly his own. Ground coffee is placed in a cloth bag, which is immersed in boiling milk and water sweetened with brown stick sugar. In Brazil, Chile and Paraguay they like their coffee black and—often. The Cuban pours and re-pours cold water over finely-ground coffee contained in a flannel bag and uses the extract obtained for making cafe au lait or cafe noir.

Refused To Quit

Monument To Varsity Boy Recalls Story of Fidelity

On the campus of one of the large universities in the middle west a monument has been set in honor of one of the students who died fighting in France. On it is this simple but appealing inscription: "He played on the scrub three years. He refused to quit."

Day after day the boy—Hanson was his name—went out and played with the "scrubs" to help the "varsity." Then came the summons to play in the fields of France, and he took his place.

On the battlefield he exhibited the same fidelity as on the football field. One day his officer called for volunteers for a hazardous bit of scouting. Hanson went out with the party, but he never returned. And today that little inscription on the monument recalls a man who refused to quit.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

New Use For Seaweed

Milliners Use It After Being Cleaned and Dyed

A recent industry is collecting, cleaning and dying seaweed to sell to wholesale milliners for trimming hats. The gathering season of the feathery strands of weed cast up on the shore lasts from October to the end of March. The weed is picked up by laborers, who sort out the best strands and are paid for the harvest according to quantity and cleanness. To make the feathery fronds stand out well, the weed is treated with glycerine. The greatest care has to be taken to keep the weed sheltered from fresh water, for rain will turn it brown and ruin it completely. When the weed has been dried with special waterproof dyes it is rinsed in artesian well water, and is then ready for the milliner.

Where Surgery Is Unknown

Thirteen million die in China every year. Of these five million die of preventable diseases. Surgery is unknown to the heathen Chinese doctor, wounds go uncared for, and broken limbs remain unset. One-half of the children die before their tenth birthday. Blindness resulting from pinkeye is common. Fleas, mosquitoes, lice and rats spread disease.

Swimming pools now are being built in some of the palatial apartments of New York.

Minard's Liniment for Burns

Real Meal In Balkans

Montreal Citizen Says Serbian Innkeepers Very Generous

A Montrealer who has been sniffing around the Balkans for trade possibilities, writes that the generosity of the hosts a the Serbian inns would put our Canadian bonifaces to shame. Only after experience can a traveller in Serbia distinguish the point where the hors d'oeuvre end and the meal begins. In the leading hotels the hors d'oeuvre is served on an individual plate to each guest who for the equivalent of 40 cents receives four pieces of tongue, a slice of ham, three slices of sausage, one sardine, one slice of cold veal, two slices of salmi, half an egg with mayonnaise, one slice of cold beef, a salmon croquette with mayonnaise, a slice of veal loaf, potato and meat salad, radishes, pickles and butter. After that the waiter brings on the food.—Montreal Herald.

Reveals Business Secret

Fill Customer's Order Exactly As Given Says Sir Thomas Lipton

One of the secrets of success in business, remarked Sir Thomas Lipton recently, is to fill a customer's order exactly as given; for you may be sure that he knows better than you do precisely what his requirements are. A tradesman may err, even with the best intentions.

For instance, continued Sir Thomas, there was the case of the newly-engaged young man who informed the lady of his choice, aged 24, that he was sending her a rose for every year of her age.

To the florist he gave the order to send the lady two dozen of the finest red roses he could procure.

"He is a good customer," remarked the florist to his assistant, who was packing the blooms, "so put in an extra half-dozen."

The engagement was broken off.

Simple Scientific Apparatus

Noted Scientist Made First Frictional Machine From Ginger Beer

Michael Faraday, one of the noted scientists took a pride in using the humblest apparatus for his experiments, but he has been called the prince of experimental philosophers. His first galvanic battery, for instance, was made out of seven half-pennies, seven pieces of zinc the same size, and seven pieces of paper soaked in solution of soda. And there is at the Royal Institution his first frictional electric machine constructed from a ginger beer bottle. There's something of a lesson in this to the scientific youth of today, who too readily vitiate their interest in science by buying the latest apparatus at the nearest shop.

The Many-Purpose Oil.—Both in the house and stable there are scores of uses for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Use it for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, the pains of rheumatism and sciatica, sore throat and chest. Scores are made very largely to similar ailments and mishaps as afflict mankind, and are equally amenable to the healing influence of this fine old remedy which has made thousands of firm friends during the past fifty years.

Very Ancient Cloak

Archaeologists are of the opinion that a woollen cloak, discovered by peat cutters in Gerum Fen, near Skara, Sweden, is one of the oldest ever found in Europe. It was found a few feet under the surface of the peat, but the preserving qualities of the fen water have kept it intact for some 3,000 years. The British Museum possesses fragments of cloth of even earlier date.

A Remedy for Earache.—To have the earache is to endure torture. The ear is a delicate organ and few care to deal with it, considering it work for a doctor. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil offers a simple remedy. A few drops upon a piece of lint or medicated cotton and placed in the ear will do much in relieving pain.

Surgeon's Clever Invention

A young French surgeon of Paris has invented an apparatus, called the episcope, that will enable medical students in an adjoining room to observe every detail of an operation without disturbing either the operating surgeon or the patient. The apparatus, which consists mostly of lights and mirrors, produces an enlarged picture of the operation, and a loud speaker carries the comments of the surgeon.

Fresh and carefully packed in pure olive oil. Keep a stock in the pantry for easily prepared, enjoyable meals.

KING OSCAR SARDINES

How to make DUTCH PICKLE

1 quart green cucumbers, 1 small cabbage, 1 quart onions, 3 red peppers, 1 quart green tomatoes, 1 large cauliflower, ½ cup salt.

Chop all fine and pour on enough hot water to cover. Let stand half an hour and drain, then make a dressing of the following:—

Stablespoonfuls Keen's D.S.F. Mustard, 3 cups sugar, 1 tea-spoonful turmeric, 1 cup flour.

Mix with a little vinegar until smooth, add mixture to 2 quarts vinegar stirring constantly over fire, until thickened, then pour over vegetables.

Keen's Mustard aids digestion

Ethics Code For Motorists

Washington Association Endeavors to Establish Honor System on Roads

A nation-wide canvass of all interests concerned with motoring safety for ideas as to the development of a code of motoring ethics, will be conducted by the American Automobile Association, Washington, preparatory to the appointment of a national committee to draw up such a code.

The purpose of such a code was described by the association as the "establishment of an honor system on the roads," whereby the motorist himself can test the "extent to which he measures up to the responsibility developing on all users of the common highway."

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer, in most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets relieve these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child they will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the new-born babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Use X-rays To Find Pearls

The X-ray is used in examining unopened oysters in pearl fisheries. This is a very economical proceeding, for oysters which are found by the X-ray to be without pearls may be returned to their beds unopened, in the hope that they may later produce pearls.

For Warts

Apply Minard's freely and often and watch them disappear.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Use Geysers For Heating

In Reykjavik, Iceland, the geysers a mile away from the city have long been used for laundry purposes by the Icelanders. But now the enterprising townspeople are going farther. They are planning to pipe the hot water into their houses, and heat the whole town in the most approved style at nature's expense.

MURINE NIGHT & MORNING KEEP YOUR EYES CLEAN CLEAR AND HEALTHY
SOOTHS SOOTHES HEALS EYE TISSUES. PURIFIES THE BLOOD

Savings Department

The Goods	The Price	The Saving
PEARS	20c	10c
HONEY, 5 lbs.	95c	5c
ENVELOPES, 3 for	25c	5c
MACORANI	55c	10c
TOMATOS, 2 for	35c	5c
CRAFT CHEESE, 5 lbs.	2.10	15c
CURTAIN SCRIM	25c	10c

BROADWAY DEPT. STORE
G. W. ABBOTT

Interesting Local Items

Baby rBownlee, who was badly burned some time ago, is now in the Medicine Hat hospital undergoing an operation.

* * *

Men are now engaged in painting the town tank. It is to be hoped the new paint will prevent the tank from running dry as it did last Monday.

* * *

Duck shooters are still busy. A party left town yesterday afternoon and secured a good bag at the C.P. R. lakes.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Horne and family, accompanied by Guy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Horne, left on a motor trip to Olds this week.

* * *

Last Monday morning Jim Fulton landed a nine-pound pickerel in the river here. This is considered to be exceptionally large specimen of pickeral.

* * *

Friends of Mrs. Elizabeth Priester received word from her this week announcing the marriage of her daughter Anna, to E. D. Eck, in Seattle. The young couple will reside in Medicine Hat after their honeymoon.

* * *

Eddie Keats is at present in the Medicine Hat hospital where he underwent an operation last Friday. According to latest reports he is progressing favorably.

* * *

Nominations for the Medicine Hat by-election were held in the city last Saturday afternoon. The following were nominated: C. S. Pingle, Liberal W. E. McCombes, Labor, and J. J. Hendricks, Conservative.

* * *

Tom Blair leaves this week end for Edmonton to commence his pharmacy course in the university there. He was accompanied by his mother as far as Calgary where Mrs. Blair will visit friends for a week.

* * *

E. Donais received word last Friday that his wife was seriously ill in Spokane. Mr. Donais left at once for that point. Since his arrival there friends have received word that Mrs. Donais is much improved and is now out of danger.

* * *

It is rumored that W. C. Smith, M.L.A. for Redcliff, may be the choice of the Progressive convention as candidate for the federal honors in Medicine Hat constituency. Mr. McDaniels and P. H. Wedderburn are also mentioned as possible candidates.

* * *

Geo. Warner met with a painful accident last Monday. He had just cranked his car and was just going to get into it when he fell over a box. George was completely knocked out and when he came to he found he had badly shattered two of ribs.

* * *

In the athletic events in connection with the C. G. I. T. work, Maggie Dagre of Redcliff is at the top of the list for the championship of the provinces in the hop-step-and-jump competition. She is a tie with one other girl in the province for the premier honor. It is not known yet how the tie will be decided upon.

* * *

To one of the best football games in this district this season, the Medicine Hat Cullies defeated the Edmonton Vets in the semi finals of the Bennett Shield last Saturday afternoon. The Cullies go to Edmonton to play the final game next Saturday. The score last Saturday was 2-1, so that the Cullies go into the final with one goal to the good. Redcliff fans turned out in goodly numbers to witness the game in the Hat and were glad to see the Cullies win out.

Fred Smith who farms north of here in the Box Springs district, was in Calgary last Tuesday on business.

* * *

According to the town by-law next week will be the last of the Wednesday half holidays in town. After that the stores will be open all week.

* * *

Workmen are making good progress tearing down Dr. Brown's house on Fifth St. It is expected the work will be completed this week end.

* * *

A fat young girl of the flapper class was asked what made the tower of Pisa lean. She replied: "I don't know or I'd take some of it."

SHOE BARGAINS

I Have a Limited Number

Men's Shoes

Which I am offering to you

At Reduced Prices

These will go on Sale at One Price

$3.95

Some of these are Values up to $6.50

DON'T FORGET TO BRING YOUR SHOE REPAIRS TO

Geo. N. Pearson

R RADIO R A D I O RADIO O

Radio Weather is now getting good

The Nights are getting long

Prepare for the best winter you ever had

BUY A

Listen to the Entertainment of a Continent

$35.00 buys a 2 TUBE RADIOLA III.

$90.00 buys a 4 TUBE RADIOLA IIIA. With LOUD SPEAKER

$55.00 buys a 5 Tube DISTANTONE Set

We are the RADIO Agents for Redcliff

See Us About Your Radio

C. T. HALL
DRUGGIST

Friday | CAMEO THEATRE | Monday

ROBERT RAWLINSON
And
DOROTHY DEVORE
IN
The Prairie Wife

Also Good Comedy

TOM MIX
— IN —
"THE LUCKY HORSESHOE"
With TONY
The Wonder Horse

Miss Vera Bassett of Medicine Hat was the guest of Mrs. Cann for a few days last week.

* * *

The A. Y. P. A. of St. Ambrose church will hold a whist drive and social evening in the parish hall on Monday next. Admission, 25c

* * *

The U. F. A. convention for Medicine Hat federal constituency will be held in Medicine Hat on Oct. 1st.

* * *

Mrs. T. Hitchen, of Estevan, Sask., is at present in town visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Hurlburt.

* * *

J. W. Hall Hall, of Westerford, Ont. father of C. T. Hall, and cecil's brother, Elmer E., of Hamilton, are visiting C. T. this week.

* * *

The fine weather of the past few days has removed that fall-like appearance of last week. The Alberta weather man is again on the job.

* * *

Mrs. J. R. Reel, of Maple Creek, returned home last Monday after a two weeks' visit here with her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Stone.

* * *

Members of Gordon Memorial choir were entertained to a social evening in the church last Thursday evening. After the regular practice refreshments were served and Mrs. Matheson introduced a guessing competition which proved both interesting and amusing. A most enjoyable social hour was spent.

* * *

A most beautiful display of the aurora borealis was seen last night. The display covered the whole north-east sky, forming many wonderful designs of all colors and shooting about as though moved by machinery. It was most pleasing and at the same time wonderful to watch. These displays are appearing quite frequently lately and many are wondering what they foretel.

LOOK AT THIS

GOOD SUITS WITH 2 PAIR OF PANTS

$24.00

BETTER QUALITY WITH 2 PAIR OF PANTS

$29.00

SEE OUR SAMPLES FOR FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATS

J. RIESER
Redcliff Opp. P.O.

CLIFF Billiard Hall

The Coolest Place in Town

BILLIARDS
A Gentleman's Game

We Also Carry a Complete line
Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes
Candy & Soft Drinks

Cliff Dance Hall

For Dances, Whist Drives, Concerts, Private Parties, Wedding Parties, etc.

PRICES REASONABLE

Wm. Keats
3rd. St. Ware Bldg. Phone 2

HARDWARE

Our new stock continues to arrive daily. We have now a full line of all staple articles. If there is anything we haven't as yet, just let us know about it, and we'll get it on the shortest possible notice. This means anything in the Hardware line.

Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables & Meats

You all know our reputation in these lines. They are always the best for the money.

GIVE US A TRIAL AND BE CONVINCED

P. CAMPEAU & SON
FREE DELIVERY :-: PHONE 33

ALBERTA TWINE NEEDS INCREASE OF 60 PER CENT.

An idea of the extent of Alberta's harvesting operations this year may be gathered from the fact that practically two million miles of binder twine will be required, an increase of 60 per cent. over the quantity used last year. In other words, twine enough will be needed in this province alone to encircle the earth more than 79 times.

Hay For Sale
BY THE BALE TON OR CAR
Also
Oat Bundles
Apply to HARRY JOHNSON

Park Dance Pavillion

MEDICINE HAT
Good Music By Union Orchestra

For the benefit of our Redcliff patrons we will give you your

Jitney Fare Free

That is we will give you the price of your fare in fre dances. Just get a ticket from Mr. Cox and when presented at the Pavillion it will entitle you to the price in dances

CAR LEAVES REDCLIFF AT 7:00 P.M., RETURNING AT MIDNIGHT

Tom Barrow

CAMERA FILMS

We have secured the agency for the Gainsborough Studio, Medicine Hat, and are prepared to take all orders for developing your camera films. We guarantee the quickest delivery of any place in town. Leave Your Films With Us and Get Them Back in 17 Hours. That going some.

E. DONAIS
AGENT AT REDCLIFF

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

General Change IN Train Service

EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 27th, 1925.

Time for Trains at REDCLIFF will be

West Bound—
No. 3—10:20 A.M.—Daily.
No. 1— 9:55 P.M.—Daily.

East Bound—
No. 4— 7:52 P.M.—Daily.
No. 2— 7:12 A.M.—Daily.

TRANS-CANADA LIMITED has been withdrawn.

THE MOUNTAINEER, Trains Nos. 13 and 14, between Chicago and Vancouver, will be withdrawn; last thro train, Westbound, September 21st, and Eastbound, September 26th.

For Further Particulars, Apply to any Ticket Agent, or
J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent
Calgary

CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION

FOR FEDERAL CONSTITUENCY OF MEDICINE HAT WILL BE HELD IN

Park Hall, Medicine Hat Friday, October 2nd

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

This Convention is called for the purpose of completing organization work and selecting a Candidate for the approaching general Federal election.

Every polling subdivision is urgently requested to see that it is represented by a full representation at this Convention.

G. M. BLACKSTOCK, President

Old Fashion Lager

YOU CAN ALWAYS GET IT ON YOUR PERMIT —OR AT YOUR CLUB

Just Say

Old Fashion

THE CLERK WILL KNOW WHAT YOU MEAN

—MADE BY THE—

MEDICINE HAT BREWERY CO., Ltd.

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

WANT-ADS

FOR SALE—A lumber wagon in first class condition. Newly painted and good as new. Apply to J. Belisle Redcliff.

FOR SALE—A Chevrolet car, $200. Apply to Mrs. T. Blair or at the Drug store. 1p

FOR SALE—One Bell Organ, 12 stops, in first class condition, powerful sweet toned instrument, suitable for a cottage or small church. Cheap for cash. Also one Wilton rug, 13x11, good as new, cost $125.00 sacrifice for $40.00. Apply R. BULLEN, 553-5th St. Medicine Hat, Phone 3383.

FOR SALE—A piano case organ as good as new. Apply Mrs. E. Moore First St. West. 2p

FOR SALE—A child's crib with new mattress. Will sell cheap for cash. AApply to Mrs. E. Wallof.

VEGETABLES FOR SALE—Potatoes, 10 lbs, 25c; Cabbage, 50 lbs., 85c Carrots, 4c a lb; Pickling Cabbage, 5c a lb. Mrs. A. E. Shaw, 502 1st St.

Take a Look at Your Review Label

Silence That Is Not Golden

THE merchant who fails to "speak up" lets a lot golden sales slip past his store. This lost business goes either to his competitor down street or, by the mail order route, to the big city stores.

People are often surprised to find that the goods they bought "unsight unseen" from a catalogue can be seen and examined in the local store!

Tell your buying public what you have. ADVERTISING in "The REVIEW" will invite the whole community to your store. And—

Most Folks Shop Where They Are Invited To Shop

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